THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society

Vol. LVIII No. 22—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, MAY 2nd, 1919.

W. T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted. Studio :—Dundas Street. 38tf

MONUMENTS!

Markers, Posts, Latest Designs.

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Place your order now and have a Monument erected this spring.

The Napanee Marble Works

MARKET SQUARE.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Latest Fashions —in— SPRING MILLINERY

New models are arriving daily among which are the Mary Pickford sailor, the wide flat sailors, the drooping floppy variety, the poke and the small fitting tailored type, prices moderate.

BLOUSES—reduced in price to clear some broken lines.

Corsets and Brassieries a Speciality.

The Leading Millinery House

The Coal Question!

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. per ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

CHAS. STEVENS.

27-tf

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869

Head Office, Montreal

Capital Paid Up.....$14,000,000
Reserve Funds..... 15,500,000

Sir Herbert Holt, President
E. L. Pease, Vice-Pres., and Man. Dir.
C. E. Neill, General Manager.
Stuart Strathy, Supervisor of Ontario Branches.

Money transferred by telegraph or mail. Drafts issued on all parts of the world.

Napanee Branch—
R. G. H. Travers, Mgr.
Bath Branch—
G. W. Cuppage, Mgr.
Odessa Branch—
H. Ryckman, Mgr.
Enterprise Branch—
F. J. Hunter, Mgr.

Some Snaps at Less than Cost

12 Galvanized Steel Farm Gates 4ft. by 12 and 13 ft. long.

50 Bags—600 ft. Best Binder Twine.

100 Bags Oil Cake Meal.

Am always ready to buy your hay and grain, and do supply you with all kinds of feed. Can loaded or unloaded at any and all stations where full car loads can be obtained or sold. First-class store house here. Highest prices paid according to market changes.

OUR NEW GROCERY

One Door West, is nicely stocked with First-Class Goods.—A call will repay you.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

THE WAR LECTURE AND ENTERTAINMENT IN THE ARMOURIES

A GRAND SUCCESS

Despite the inclement weather of Monday evening a very large number of the inhabitants of Napanee and vicinity assembled at the local armouries to hear Capt. Rev. J. Nicholson, M. C., present some interesting and gripping sidelights on the life of the Canadian boys at the front. Special places were reserved for the returned veterans who turned out a goodly representation, and were keen to appreciate the jocular allusions of the lecturer to many of the incidents and events in which they had participated. There was a magnificent musical programme, as the names of Master Emerson O'Connor, and Mr. Harold Barrett on the bill would warrant. The talented singers delighted and stirred the hearts of the audience which found expression in the enthusiastic applause that followed their rendition of popular and patriotic songs, and both singers gracefully responded to the repeated encores. The orchestra was in top form and discoursed sweet music that was appreciated by all the listeners. Mr. H. B. Sherwood filled the roll of chairman in his usual admirable and effective manner, and in his opening remarks alluded to the enterprise of the Rev. Father O'Connor, Pastor of St. Patrick's church, in affording the community the opportunity of hearing from the lips of a returned chaplain some account of the deeds of their gallant-sons "over there." He mentioned the intimate connection that subsisted between the chaplains and the men, a relation that was as strong as it was reciprocal. He also dwelt on the duty of the nation to our returned heroes, who were worthy of every reward for their services.

Capt. Rev. Father Nicholson in his speech was followed with the deepest interest. No man could better appreciate the sterling qualities of our lads than the chaplain who shared their joys and sorrows. He stated that every chaplain regarded it in the light of a noble privilege to labor for the welfare of the troops and would consider it a duty to awaken the consciousness of the people at home to the realization of their debt to the returned soldier. He emphasized the beautiful harmony that existed in the trenches between all classes and creeds, and stated that the Canadian Chaplain Corps was the best organized one in Europe. He made a plea for all Canadians to discourage religious and sectional animosities, and to work for the common welfare of our country as did the protestant and catholic boys in the front line, who fought the same enemy, and dying shoulder to shoulder cemented their friendship with their blood. He paid a tribute to the 8th Brigade and to the 5th C.M.R. Battalion to which he was attached. He asserted that the Canadian Expeditionary Force was the best fighting unit on any front and always got what they went after and never let it go again. Many stirring incidents and scenes were related, which though lasting an hour seemed briefer to the auditors.

Mr. W. J. Herrington, our able and efficient president of the Historical Society, moving the vote of thanks, said the decoration conferred on the speaker by his Soverign was a testimonial to his bravery on the battle fields, and his plain and interesting recital of his two and a half years at the front, was an evidence of his qualifications as chaplain overseas; the sense of humor was a big asset, and the ancient idea that a chaplain had to burden it with a melancholy visage, and mournful manner, was ill advised. He warmly congratulated Rev. Father O'Connor, the lecturer, and those who took part in the entertainment they had so deeply enjoyed.

Mr. J. W. Robinson seconded the vote of thanks, and expressed his pleasure in fitting terms at the enjoyable lecture and programme of music.

The Rev. Pastor Father O'Connor brought the lecture and entertainment to a close by a few well chosen remarks. He first expressed his most cordial thanks to the people of Napanee and its vicinity for their very practical evidence of good will and encouraging support of the entertainment he had initiated and which had proven such a successful and pleasing event. He thanked also the officers in charge of the armouries, Dr. C. M. Stratton, for his kindly interest and influence in securing the hall for the occasion. He assured the chairman, Mr. H. B. Sherwood, that the Committee of Management, of which he was chairman, felt highly honored and deeply gratified for his gracious acceptance of the invitation to preside at the lecture, and for his sincere opening remarks.

The Rev. Father O'Connor painted in glowing colors the prodigies of valor performed by Canadian courage and skill in the titanic conflict so happily terminated.

He addressed a word of consolation to those whose dear ones lie sleeping beneath the crosses in Flanders fields. Their contribution to the cause of righteousness cannot go unnoticed by their Creator in heaven, and that in their short span of years they had accomplished the full measure of a long life's work. He embraced the opportunity of stating the incalculable sum of gratitude that the people of Canada must discharge to our boys who were spared to come back to us, and expressed his confidence that the stalwart qualities that they displayed on the field of battle would further exemplified by them in the process of our national reconstruction, and that as Canada had been glorious in war, she would be even greater in the days of peace that are before us.

The proceedings closed by the singing of the National Anthem.

Com.

PLEASANT VALLEY

Master Clarence Pratt, Tweed, visited a week at Mr. Milford Dupree's.

Miss Marguerite Pringle has returned home after visiting in Verona after spending the holidays at home.

Mrs. Nichols, Bowanville, spent Easter at her father's, Mr. Eslie Smith.

Master Allan Vandebogart spent Monday afternoon of last week with Keith Sills.

Miss Ida Cline, of Westplain spent the Easter week with Miss Blanche Cline.

Mr. Harold Dupree and Clarence Pratt, motored on Sunday at Mr. Chas. Vanalstine's.

Mr. I. B. Sills took dinner on Friday at Mr. W. D. Pringle's.

Mrs. Jan. Clayton is on the sick list. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. S. X. Dupree spent Tuesday at Mr. Milford Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Vandebogart called Sunday afternoon at Mr. Will. Vandebogart's.

Mrs. E. R. Sills is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Ballance, Strathcona.

Miss Maybus Dean is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Melbourne, Kingsford.

Mr. Archie Pringle, Stella, is visiting his uncle, Mr. W. R. Pringle.

Mr. I. L. Sills is attending Queen's, Kingston.

Mr. E. B. Bell, Belleville, spent over Sunday at Mr. I. Taylor's.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dean, of Bethany, motored over and spent Sunday at his father's, Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Sills, and Keith took dinner Sunday at Mr. John Empey's.

Mr. I. Warner is stopping with his daughter, Mrs. L. Pringle.

Mrs. F. Vandebogart, and Mrs. John Cline attended the Musical in the town hall Tuesday evening.

To families and communities—Show your appreciation of your returned soldier by giving him something he will appreciate always—This means a KODAK. Prices up to $50.00. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Annie Moore, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Annie Moore, late of the Township of Frederickburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of March, A. D., 1919, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to T. B. German, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for Frank Cameron Wilson, executor, of the last will and testament of the said Annie Moore, on or before the 20th DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1919, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 20th day of May, A. D., 1919, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claim or demand he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

T. B. GERMAN,

Solicitor for the said Executor.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1919. 20-d

New Ontario Seed Potatoes

IRISH COBBLERS $2.75 a Bag

GREEN MOUNTAIN $2.75 a Bag.

A shipment has arrived. This seed was inspected by the Ontario Department of Agriculture in the fields when growing and is certified free from disease. Only a small supply is available.

The increased yield from New Ontario Seed Potatoes will more than pay the cost of the seed. Every farmer should get a few bags so he will have his own seed another year.

Mail orders with cheque or money oredr. Order at once or the supply will be exhausted. - Phone 199

G. B. CURRAN,

Department of Agriculture,

NAPANEE, ONT.

PARTIAL RESULTS OF EASTER EXAMINATIONS

Napanee Collegiate Institute

Form IV—Faced part—H. E. Boyce.

Honor matriculation—

W. Farnsworth, Math. III, English II, French II, Latin IV.

C. Friskin, French IV, English III.

G. McLean, Math. II, English II, Latin III, French II.

S. Metzler, Math. I, English I, French I, Chemistry III.

J. Pringle, Math. I, English I, Latin I, French II.

C. Scott, Math. II, English II, Latin II, French III.

H. Vanalstine, Math. IV, English II, Latin II, French III.

F. Windover, Math. II, English III, Latin III, French III.

J. Dibb, English III, French II, German III.

Form 3B—Neva Sine, (hon); R. Rogers, Jessie Henderson, H. Dunfield, B. Gleeson, F. Farnworth, E. Aylsworth, M. Daly, E. Costigan, M. Johnston, M. Perry.

Form 3 S (not classified)—W. Johnston, V. McLean, G. Ruttan, M. Trumpour, E. Friskin, B. Sine, D. Kidd, W. Perry, S. Aylsworth.

Sr. Commercial—Marguerite Root (hon), Beatrice Walsh Melissa Rion, F. Herrington, Alice Card, Helen Smith, Clarence Van-Dyck, Aggie Dudgeon.

Jr. Commercial—R. Woodcock, J. Ray, H. McCormack, J. Hambly, L. Morris, B. Woodcock, L. Vanalstine, H. Winter, F. Murphy, F. Walker, W. Metcalf.

Form 1 B—Mary McGrath (hon), Alma Wales (hon), Lillian Smith (hon), Helen Loyst (hon), H. Benn (hon), Mary Derry (hon), J. Judson (hon), Ruth Wright (hon), Myrtle Young (hon), Ida Dudgeon, May Reid, Mary Costigan, Edith Johnston, G. Amey, H. Asselstine, G. Daly, R. Wiseman, V. O'Ray, E. Ham, K. Stewart, B. Hudgin, B. Perry, G. Smith, E. Vanalstine, E. Smith.

MILLHAVEN

The farmers have started seeding.

As a result of the fine weather the roads have improved.

School is to be re-opened with Clifford Smith, of Odessa as teacher.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Workman, of Wolfe Island, are visiting at Mr. Frank Collins'.

Mrs. Jas. Frankon, of Toronto, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Ihn.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Franklin, of Toronto, who have been visiting at Fred Franklin's, have returned home.

Mrs. B. Franklin, of Montreal, and sister, Mrs. A. Young, of Portsmouth, are visiting at Harry Bullock's.

Miss Edda McDonald and Master George, of Kingston, are visiting at their grand parents,' Mr. and Mrs. Bert Clement.

William Clement, of Kingston, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Clement.

Hay Amey spent Easter at home.

Miss Kathleen Wemp, who has been visiting at Chester Nicholson's, has returned home.

A baby girl has come to stay at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Laidley's.

ROBLIN SCHOOL

S. S. No. 16, Richmond

V—Marie Paul.

Jr. IV—Jean Paul, Mary Kimmett, Hubert Hannah, Aubrey Hughes, Evelyn McFarland, Osborne Seale, Delmer Seale, Pearl Connell, Sadie Embury.

Jr. III—Laura Hughes, Grace Hughes, Harold Embury, Ralph Embury, Archie Connell, Clara Seale, Carleton Rhyndress.

Jr. II—Louis Wilcox, Lottie Hughs, Edna Hannah, John Hannah, Donna Rhyndress, Stanley McFarland.

Jr. I—Newton Dopkin, Rosa Hart.

Sr. Primer—Wilson Hart, Vivian Dopkins, Mary Embury, Warren Embury.

Primer—Isabella Paul, Joy Hughes, Jimmie McConnell, Vincent Hart, Victor Hannah, Bert, Thompson, Lenora Asselstine, Ethel Connell, Arthur McFarland, Cecil Wilcox.

Primer B—Laura Asselstine, Cora Davis, Milo Scherrenhorn, Morley Schermehorn, Annie Barnham, Frank Asselstine, Victor Wilcox, Blanche Barham, Blanche Hart.

M. ROBERTS.

ODESSA

David Robinson returned last Wednesday from overseas, is another of the volunteers of the early part of the war. His two brothers arrived a short time ago. This is the only family with three representatives, and their parents are very happy to have them all return safely.

Judson Babcock returned last Thursday from spending three years in serving his country. He went as a volunteer in April, 1916.

Mrs. John Mancur, after an absence of five months, returned to her home on Thursday. The winter was spent with her sister, Mrs. R. Lee, Toronto.

Wm. Fellows, Sydenham, is a guest at the Dominion Hotel, renewing old acquaintances.

The social dance held on last Thursday night was a success. The excellent music furnished by the Ratcliffe orchestra, Kingston, was a great attraction. The dancers would have preferred the Odessa time instead of the advanced, as it broke the party up an hour earlier.

Frank Hillier has purchased a new Chevrolet car.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Frink, Kingston, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frink.

YARKER

A reception was held in Benjamin's hall last week for some more of the soldiers of the village. All are home now but three, and they are expected soon.

Burns Gilbert and family, of Gananoque, spent part of the Easter holidays with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. J. H. Babcock, of Odessa, spent the week-end here with her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bell, of Belleville, were visitors in the village Friday last.

B. Storms and wife visited at the home of his father, F. Storms, last week.

W. B. Holden and son, Charles, went to Trenton to spend Easter with friends.

A variety shower was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Storms for their daughter, Laila, who was married to E. Bolton last week. Many were the tokens she received.

School has re-opened again after the holidays with the same staff of teachers.

Miss Mabel Orr, of Gananoque, is at the home of her uncle, S. Burgess.

Miss Edna Duplus, of Kingston, spent the week-end in Yarker with friends.

Mrs. G. Lee, and her mother, Mrs. McNeely, spent Easter in Gananoque at the home of her daughter.

A number of people gathered at the home of Hugh Curran for the last time Tuesday and spent the evening with him in his old home, he having sold out to Mr. Boyce, who took possession at once.

Cambridge, of Toronto, a former resident of Yarker, and had just returned from overseas, spent a few days with his mother, and sister here.

Mrs. R. Bolton, of Tweed called on friends recently.

Cadet Babcock and his sister, Miss Ruth, spent over Sunday with friends in Tweed.

Miss Blanche Wilson, of Kingston, home with her parents for a week, has returned again.

Mrs. J. Empey spent Sunday at the home of Elgin Freeborn.

The C.N.R. has unloaded eight more cars of ice into the ice house for use on the road.

Miss Hilda Wartman, of K.B.C., is home for a few days with her father.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sanderson and Miss L. Homans spent Easter Sunday with Mr. Williamson and Miss Lizzie Babcock.

Misses Georgie and Helen Bell, of Shelleville, spent a week with Mr. and Mrs. S. Burgess, at the Commercial House.

T. McNeely has sold his general store to Mr. Vandervoort of Harrowsmith.

The foundry has started operations again after being closed during the winter months.

Miss G. Warren is spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Warren.

Charles Shannon, of Montreal, is at the home of Arthur Irish for a few days.

M. Card is moving on to his father's farm at Petworth.

Farmers are complainig of a very wet and late spring for working on the land.

Cheaper Gasoline

Put what you save in Tire repairs on your gasoline costs and see the difference. We have the best price in town.

East End Tire Repair

21bp Dundas st., opposite Falls

TAMWORTH

Mrs. Underhill, late of Toronto, at C. H. Quinn's.

Mrs. Taylor and two daughters spent Easter week in Toronto.

Mr. Fretts, of Kingston, visited Tamworth on Wednesday.

Some of our farmers north of Tamworth are complaining of the high water in the river flooding their land.

Dr. Lockridge spent Sunday in Napanee.

Mrs. Floyd and daughter spent Easter week visiting friends in Kingston.

Jas. Wheeler is improving his home with a new fence on his property.

John Coulter, of Tweed, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Taylor.

P. Whalen is excavating for a new cellar under his house.

Mrs. Richardson and mother returned to their home after spending the winter in Toronto.

A. B. Carscallen has let the contract for a $5000 house.

Curtis Storings has opened up an ice cream parlor in the Taylor block.

Jas. York has opened up a garage in the block.

Mr. A. S. Carscallen and son-in-law were here last week bringing the body of the latter's child for burial in the Methodist cemetery.

Mr. Carleton Woods, Roblin, spent Easter in town with his brother, Mr. Geo. Woods.

The missionary meeting held in the Methodist church on Sunday evening last was very largely attended.

Gray Suitings, all shades, made to order, at Floyd & Co's.

Mr. Oscar Woodcock has taken the vacancy for Frost & Wood machinery.

Mr. Jas. Watters has opened an ice cream parlor in the old bank building.

Mr. G. H. Richardson has placed a new gasolene tank in front of his garage.

Muresco and Alabastine, all colors at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Ramsays, Floglaze, Brandram Henderson and Economy Paints—Campbell's Varnish Stain and Floglaze Auto-finish, Vitrolite and Copalline Varnish. All for sale at WALLACE'S. P.S.—We still have quite an assortment of colors in Elephant, Prism, and Economy Paints at 95c. per quart. WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

"SALADA"

—is tea at its best—in all its garden freshness and fine flavour.

"SALADA" sealed packets are proof against dust. The tea can't be contaminated.

"SALADA" costs no more than ordinary tea. Your grocer will recommend it.

SALADA TEA

B391

THRIFT—STILL!

Your country's need for money did not cease with the signing of the armistice. Thrift is still essential during the period of reconstruction.

Open a bank account to-day.

THE DOMINION BANK Estd.

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

War Bond Interest Coupons and Cheques Cashed Free.

The Merchants Bank will cash all War Loan coupons or interest cheques when due, on presentation, without making any charge whatever for the service.

If you have not a Savings Account, why not use your interest money to open one with This Bank?

61

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

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Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College

B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

'Phone 61. 34

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.

PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.

OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee. 19-t-f.

YORKSHIRE BOAR FOR SERVICE—Napanee Stock Fee $1.25, at time of service. JOHN DOYLE, Belleville road. 20 b-p

NOTICE—I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by my wife, Elida Meeks. SEWARD MEEKS. 22-cp

LADY CLERK WANTED—For patent medicines, toilet articles, stationery, confectionery, etc. Apply to G. W. NIXON, the Napanee Drug Co. 22

NOTICE—The public are hereby warned that I refuse to be responsible for any debts contracted by any person in my name without my written authority to pledge credit. WM. RICHARDSON, JR. Napanee, April 30th, 1919. 22-cp

MOUNT PLEASANT YORKSHIRES

YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE—Bred from prize sow at Guelph, to second prize boar at Toronto and first at London. Long thrifty type. The same boar for service. Lakeview George 8, 62115, for $1.50 at time of delivery. R. L. PRINGLE, R. R. No. 4., Napanee, Ont. 20 b

Any record will play on the Aeolian-Vocalion Phonograph.

M. PIZZARIELLO,

Market Square.

Buy an Incubator from MILLS the Poultry man and hatch all the chicks you can this year to meet the great demand and high prices that are sure to follow the close of the war. Give your order for an incubator now and be ready before the hatching time comes. He sells the Cyphers hot air and the Buckeye hot water machines, the most reliable and satisfactory and self regulating hatchers on the market. Mills wants your surplus hens and chicks all the time. Fetch them in. Shop near Gleeson's coal yard. Canada food board license 7-714.

Dr. R. V. McLaughlin, DENTIST

Over Wallace's Drug Store.

Entrance on John St.

'Phone 10. 15-2-a

DR. CAMERON WILSON;

OFFICE—ROBERT STREET

(House lately occupied by Mrs. A. F. Holmes)

Telephone 106. 15-tf

T. M. GALBRAITH, B.A., M.D., C.M.

Cor. Dundas and West Sts. Napanee

Specialty—diseases of children.

Office Hours: Until 9 a.m., 1 p. m. till 3 p.m., 7 p.m. till 9 p.m.

Visits Yarker Tuesdays and Friday, 10 a.m. till 5 p.m.

'Phone 279. 22-1-y

SERVANT WANTED—For general household work. Apply MRS. R. F. DAVY.

HOUSE FOR SALE—That desirable Brick Double House, corner Bridge and Adelphi Streets. Apply to M. B. MILLS. tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses, in different parts of the town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-t-f

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 9tf

SEED FOR SALE—A large quantity of Seed Corn for sale. Seed Corn test 98 per cent. Gold Vine Peas, and some clean Timothy for sale. Apply THOS. RUSSELL, Selby P. O. 20-tf

PURSE LOST—In Napanee, on Monday, February 17th, a black leather purse, containing one twenty dollar bill. Finder will please leave at this office. tf

PURE BRED—Large English Berkshire Boar for service, also one Yorkshire. Fee $1.00 at time of service. A. McCUTCHEON, Roblin, Ont. 14 tf

TO LET—Good frame house on Water Street. Good garden, hard and soft water. Possession April 15th. Apply to G. A. BLEWITT, Napanee. 17-tf

STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE—I have a few Strawberry Plants at $1.00 per hundred or $7.00 per thousand. Also hay at $15.00 per ton. A. C. PARKS, Napanee, R. R. No. 3. 21

BOAT HOUSES — For Sale and To Rent.—One boat house in excellent location, suitable for 15 canoes and dinghies. For Sale:—also one other suitable for skiffs, canoes and dinghies For Rent. Apply to J. M. SIMPSON. 17-tf

Use only three level tea-spoonfuls for five cups

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

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OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, Napanee

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Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between Centre and Robert Streets. Napanee.

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Are You Equipped to Win Success?

Here is your opportunity to insure against embarrassing errors in spelling, pronunciation and poor choice of words. Know the meaning of puzzling war terms. Increase your efficiency, which results in power and success.

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9-3m

Why do painters and those who know use and recommend Ospaline Varnishes? Because it dries quickly with a beautiful gloss—will not turn white with water, and wears like iron. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

EX-KAISER TO BE TRIED

Allies Will Request Holland to Surrender Him.

Peace Treaty Provides That William Hohenzollern Must Answer For His Crimes to a Court Composed of Five Judges — Separate Tribunal for Other Military Culprits Guilty of Illegal Warfare.

PARIS, April 29. — The peace treaty with Germany, drawn for presentation to the Germans contains a clause providing that former Emperor William be tried by an international tribunal. A separate tribunal will try other military officers.

At Monday's plenary session of the Peace Conference the Council of Four presented the text of a peace treaty provision for the prosecution of former Emperor William by a court of five judges "for a supreme offence against international morality and the sanctity of treaties."

The announcement issued here follows:

"Following are the proposed articles regarding penalties, for insertion in treaty of peace:

"The Allies and associated powers publicly arraign William II of Hohenzollern, formerly German Emperor, not for an offence against criminal law, but for a supreme offence against international morality and the sanctity of treaties.

"A special tribunal will be constituted to try the accused, thereby assuring him the guarantees essential to the right of defence. It will be composed of five judges, one appointed by each of the following powers, namely: The United States of America, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan.

"In its decision the tribunal will be guided by the highest motives of international policy with a view of vindicating the solemn obligations of international undertakings and the validity of international morality. It will be its duty to fix the punishment which it considers should be imposed.

"The Allied and associated powers will address a request to the Government of the Netherlands for the surrender to them of the ex-Emperor in order that he may be put on trial.

"The German Government not having insured the punishment of the persons accused of having exercised acts in violation of the laws and customs of war, such persons will be brought before military tribunals of the Allied and associated powers, and, if found guilty, sentenced to the punishments laid down by military law.

"The German Government shall hand over to the Allied and associated powers, or to such one of them as shall so request, all persons accused of having committed an act in violation of the laws and customs of war, who are specified either by name or by the rank, office or employment which they held under the German authorities.

"Persons guilty of criminal acts against the nationals of one of the Allied and associated powers will be brought before the military tribunal of that power.

"Persons guilty of criminal acts against the nationals of more than one of the Allied and associated powers will be brought before military tribunals composed of members of the military tribunals of the powers concerned.

"In every case the accused will be entitled to name his own counsel.

"The German Government undertakes to furnish all documents and information of every kind, the production of which may be considered necessary to insure the full knowledge of the incriminating acts, the discovery of the offenders, the just appreciation of the responsibility."

Bolshevism In Canada.

TORONTO, April 29.—Sensational disclosures were made by the local police, the Canadian immigration authorities, the provincial authorities, and Albert J. Cawdron, acting chief commissioner of the Dominion Police, Ottawa, in respect to the Bolshevik and revolutionary activities of Lieb Samsonavitch, alias Samson, Black and Clarke; Arthur Ewart, alias Arthur Ewit; and Lita Zaborowski, alias Annie Bancourt, A. E. Brown, and Mrs. Ewit, who are now in custody awaiting deportation. According to the authorities aforementioned, Ewart and the Zaborowski woman are not husband and wife, and Ewart has been, besides a revolutionary propagandist, a surreptitious communicator of valuable information to Germany during the war. The evidence gained by the police and other secret service officers proves to be firebrands of the worst type, also that Toronto itself is impregnated with the Bolshevik element.

Samsonavitch, who was arrested on March 28 by the Toronto police, and Ewart and the Zaborowski woman, subsequently arrested, have given information, the police say, that lays bare the secret operations of the seditious organizations in Canada, Toronto particularly. They have placed in the hands of the authorities a valuable weapon with which to fight the propaganda that has made of Russia a shambles.

Left Flume to Avoid Friction.

GENEVA, April 29.—The battalion of British troops which occupied Flume with the Italians after the armistice left Flume when the Italian delegates to the Peace Conference left Paris, according to advices from Agram, capital of Croatia and Slovenia.

The reason for this action by the British is reported to be a desire to avoid friction with the Italian troops.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The 3rd and 4th Battalions arrived in Toronto to-day.

A revolution has broken out in Turkey, and a Soviet Government has been declared.

The Ontario Educational Association elected Dr. F. Moore of Dundas to the presidency.

The total income of the Hollinger mine for twelve weeks to March 29 was $1,368,980.

A bill is to be introduced in the Nova Scotia Legislature providing for 2½ per cent. beer.

Queen's University Arts and Applied Science Faculties have arranged to receive 1,000 soldier students.

Orillia Board of Trade has induced all the factories to adopt a nine-hour day, at the ten-hour day rate of wages.

At Wycliffe College commencement exercises satisfactory reports were presented respecting after-war activities.

Niagara Falls has appointed Housing and Town Planning Commissions. Whitby has appointed a Housing Commission.

Bela Kun's Soviet Government at Budapest has been overthrown, according to an official wireless received in Paris.

Whether a conversation overheard by listening in on a party line can be used to prove libel, is the point at issue in an interesting test case at Quebec.

The second unit of the Rideau Power Co.'s power-house at Merrickville is now in full operation, and the former shortage in the production of power there.

The complete text of the revised covenant of the League of Nations has been received at the State Department, at Washington, by cable, from Paris.

The German Government is building and concealing armored cars, railway engines and guns in Upper Silesia, according to a despatch from Munich to Paris.

The three St. Thomas divisions of the Brotherhood of Railway Employees held a gala day, and at a banquet honored fifteen lately superannuated members.

THURSDAY.

Owen Sound Council has finally adopted daylight saving.

St. George's Society, Toronto, celebrated St. George's Day.

Nova Scotia Steel advanced five points on the Toronto Exchange.

Toronto gave a tremendous welcome to the 3rd and 4th Battalions

Dr. Cody told Faculty of Education students that soldiers would make good teachers.

The new Canada Steamship Lines Atlantic service is to start on May 24, with a boat to France.

John Lake, a prominent business man of Hamilton, was drowned while fishing in Burlington Bay.

The reported establishment of a Soviet Government in Turkey is unconfirmed and is not credited.

Fifty laborers at Dundas have become infected with Bolshevism and refuse obedience to orders.

The ports of Hamburg and Bremen are in a state of siege. The strikers at Hamburg have cost many lives.

The Soviet Government in Hungary has asked for a suspension of the Roumanian offensive and the arrangement of an armistice, according to Vienna despatches.

Manitoba teachers have formed a federation, and the Alberta Teachers' Federation has started a movement for a Dominion Alliance of Teachers.

A special committee is to report upon the future of the Canadian militia. Gen. Sir Wm. Otter is to be chairman, and officers of overseas units, old militia officers and present militia units will be included.

A young girl was found stabbed to death, in a road in North York, near Toronto, unconscious, with his throat cut, in a room in the Windsor Hotel, Montreal. They left a note saying they were dying for love and sickness.

FRIDAY.

The Legislature is prorogued.

Col. Sir Percy Lake Sykes, an Indian Mutiny veteran, is dead.

Three new unions of mechanics have been organized in Hamilton.

A portrait of the late Jesse Ketchum was unveiled at the Bible House, Toronto.

Miss Millicent Knowles has mysteriously disappeared at Guelph since Friday last.

The strike in Limerick, Ireland, has been called off as a result of concessions made by the military.

President Wilson has presented Admiral Sir David Beatty with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Moran, of Lindsay, fell into a big bonfire and was fatally burned.

Premier Oliver of British Columbia says there will be no general election in the province in the near future.

The Bolsheviki are evacuating Orenburg and the forces of Kolchak are making advance everywhere in Siberia.

Saskatchewan Great War Veterans passed a resolution condemning the Red Terrorists and Bolsheviki, by 110,000. It defeated a move to introduce political action.

The Marquis of Queensbury, whose father arranged the famous Queensbury rules of boxing, addressed the spectators before the ring at the boxing bouts at the Armories in Toronto.

No definite announcement concerning the future of racing was made after the Government's decision to consider the matter at Ottawa. Indications are, however, that the half-mile courses will not be allowed to operate.

Approximately ten thousand soldiers, discharged, are still waiting discharge, saw Frankie Bull score a technical knockout of Frankie Nelson, lightweight champion of the United States navy, at the Toronto Armories last night.

A gathering of more than three hundred Hydro-Radial municipality representatives at Guelph adopted a resolution asking the Dominion Government to turn over to the Hydro Commission the branch lines of the G.T.R. and C.N.R. in Ontario.

SATURDAY.

One life was lost in a fire which destroyed a boarding house at Haileybury.

Convocation was held in the Faculty of Theology, Victoria University, Toronto.

The University of Toronto has offered the degree of LL.D. to Sir Arthur Currie.

Reconstruction in building development has created a tremendous demand for lumber.

A despatch to the Central News in Vienna says that former Premier Wekerli of Hungary has died in prison.

A concentric advance on Budapest is being made by Czech, Jugo-Slav and Roumanian forces from three directions.

Part of the Hungarian army facing the Roumanians southwest of Budapest has surrendered and the rest is in flight.

New attempts have been made to plunder the ships in Hamburg harbor, and guns have been placed on the streets of the city.

The teaching of economics is outside the scope of the church, S. R. Parsons told a meeting in Central Methodist Church, Toronto.

The Government will not repeal the order-in-Council prohibiting betting, and there will be no racing on Canadian courses until late summer or fall.

Miss Millicent Knowles, whose mysterious disappearance from Guelph caused anxiety, is at Buffalo and, according to a message from there, is safe.

A large deputation urging improvements to Port Stanley harbor was encouraged by the answer of Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works.

Geo. Lucas, farmer, of Shannonville, died at Kingston General Hospital from having practically all his ribs crushed by a heavy roller when his team ran away.

MONDAY.

St. Mary's tax rate is 32⅜ mills, four mills below last year.

Canadian Pacific stock rose 2¾ points in New York, closing at 162.

Charles H. Cryselle, police magistrate of Oshawa since 1914, is dead.

Brig.-Gen. W. S. Hughes has been appointed Superintendent of Penitentiaries.

Hon. Dr. Beland delivered a stirring address at the Ontario Club, Toronto.

St. George's Society held their annual service at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto.

The strike of Government officials in Cairo is over and work has been resumed.

Aerial service has occurred at the premises of the Canada Wire & Cable Co., Toronto.

The official count in the Quebec by-election vote is: For, 1,715,172, against 18,436.

Melvin Scogge, while operating a derrick, fell on top of Kitchener, was almost instantly killed.

The British Foreign Office announces the abolition of all trade blacklists from April 29.

Wm. S. Turnbull, postmaster at Galt for the past twenty years, died following a stroke of paralysis.

The importance of forest conservation was pointed out to the Canadian Institute, Toronto, by Robson Black.

The Japanese naval squadron which has been visiting in Italian waters, has left for Southern France.

Fire destroyed Queen Street Methodist church, Kingston, for the third time in the history of the congregation.

Lake Shore gold mining stock advanced 14½ points on the Toronto and 12 points on the Standard Exchange.

The inhabitants of Ometz, 110 miles from Petrograd, have revolted against the Bolsheviki. The revolt is reported to be spreading.

TUESDAY.

Two Meaford factories have adopted the nine-hour day.

Toronto police hold three enemy aliens for deportation.

A strike of the metal trades may occur in Toronto on May 15th.

Hon. Dr. Cody makes an announcement naming dates for examinations.

All testimony has been put before the royal commission probing license matters.

Major E. Percy Brown was elected president of the Canadian Club of Toronto.

Ottawa retail merchants are now closing their stores at 6 o'clock on Saturdays.

A cow owned by Robert Poole, near Brockville, has given birth to four lambs, and all are in excellent health.

Reports of a strike on the Keora property advanced the stock of that mine from 17c to 21, with 60,000 shares changing hands.

Samuel Leake, a returned soldier, was instantly killed at a Walkerton factory, where he had only a few days ago resumed his old job.

The audience at the Open Forum at St. Catharines, though requested to sing the National Anthem, made for the door without doing so.

German papers are taunting Italy with having backed the wrong horse in the war owing to the refusal of the Allies to allow her territorial claims.

The annual Paris Fair, which was omitted last year owing to the German bombardment, was formally opened on Saturday by President Poincare.

The British Government is considering the sending of a special commission, headed by Viscount Milner, to Egypt to consider changes necessary in the constitution of the protectorate.

"Benny" Leonard, lightweight champion of the world, last night scored a technical knockout over Willie Ritchie, former title-holder, in the last round of an eight-round bout in Newark.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WALLACE'S

COVENANT IS ADOPTED

Peace Conference Agrees Regarding League of Nations.

Japanese Amendment Respecting Racial Equality Withdrawn and Will Be Left for Decision by the League Itself — Changes Made Regarding Labor, But There Was No Division Regarding Clauses.

PARIS, April 29.—The revised covenant of the League of Nations was adopted by the plenary session of the Peace Conference Monday without division and without amendment. The covenant had been moved by President Wilson.

Regarding the composition of the Executive Council, the President said that Belgium, Brazil, Greece and Spain would be represented on the council in addition to the five great powers until a permanent choice had been made.

Presentation of the amended League of Nations covenant by President Wilson marked the opening of the session. He then explained the various alterations.

The President moved that the powers name representatives to form a sub-committee of nine to prepare plans to organize the League and establish the seat of the League.

He said it was not necessary to emphasize the significance of the great covenant and the hopes entertained that a conference of the free nations of the world could administer justice in their international relations and peace between the nations.

Baron Makino, of the Japanese delegation, spoke after President Wilson, and said he regretted that the President's speech had not been translated. He then moved the Japanese amendment on racial equality. He said it was a race question with the Japanese people, and added: "The equality of nations, he asserted, should be a fundamental principle of the League."

Leon Bourgeois, former Premier, spoke for France. He said that the Germans told a meeting in Central Methodist Church, Toronto.

The Government will not repeal the order-in-Council prohibiting betting, and there will be no racing on Canadian courses until late summer or fall.

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ITALIANS STAND FIRM

Premier Orlando Receives an Ovation in Rome.

"Down With Wilson" Shouted the Populace When Cheering for Their Representative Who Tells Them That Italy Will Be Ready to Suffer More In Order to Win Flume as Well as Dalmatia.

ROME, April 29. — Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, arrived in Rome Saturday from Paris.

Rome was bedizzened in greeting to the returning Premier. The offices and shops were closed, and the members of some 200 associations, clubs and patriotic leagues, bearing banners with the legend, "Italy, Flume, Dalmatia," went to the railway station or lined the streets along the thoroughfares which Premier Orlando would have to pass on his way from the station to the Ministry of the Interior. All the Cabinet Ministers in Rome, high officials of state, the prefects, Prince Colonna, Mayor of Rome, and 300 Senators and Deputies gathered around the station to receive the Prime Minister.

Banners were displayed bearing the inscription: "Flume, Dalmatia or Death." Airplanes hovered above, among them a gigantic bombing machine.

For more than an hour the automobile containing Premier Orlando, Gen. Diaz, and Signor Barzilai was surrounded by the immense crowd outside the station that it could not move.

The Premier addressing the crowd which greeted him said:

"It is not time for fine language. In the face of the world, which is judging us, we must have firmness and calm, and consciousness.

"There are two questions. The first is whether the Government and the Italian people have faithfully interpreted the thoughts and will of the Italian people."

A unanimous shout was thunderous shouts of "yes."

"I never doubted it," continued the Premier, "but now the soul of my people, but confirmation was required. The first question is answered; Rome is consecrating our cause."

"The second question is to estimate the gravity of the situation. Let us not ask you for an immediate reply. Let us now consider what best or most desirable can happen to our country whose just and praiseworthy attitude has provoked the admiration of two worlds. (Applause and cries: "Long Live America! Down With Wilson!")

"We must show that we have taken the worst into consideration. After five years of unspeakable privations and sacrifices, we may find ourselves faced with fresh sacrifices and privations. At this moment Italy is ready, and greater than ever—greater than in May, 1915.

"Italy, however, must be a well-considered one. Food supplies are failing us, but Italy, which has known hunger, has never known dishonor. I confess I come from you the danger of this very critical hour." (Cries of "We will face anything.")

"I am with you," continued the Premier, "a brother among brothers, and also with those who fail to obey and follow the will of the people. It may be that we shall end our days alone, but Italy must be united and have a single will. Italy will not perish."

At the conclusion of his address the Premier was given an ovation. Gen. Diaz and Signor Barzilai, one of the peace delegates, then spoke, and were cheered by the soldiers and sailors.

Prince Colonna, Mayor of Rome, asserted that Italy was complete solidarity of the people of Rome and of Italy with the Government.

Thereupon Premier Orlando, Gen. Diaz, Prince Colonna and Signor Barzilai entered motor cars and a procession was formed, which proceeded to the Victor Emanuel Monument Square.

At the palace the party joined the King, Queen and Crown Prince on the balcony, and the entire group was acclaimed with enthusiasm by the assemblage below.

No Supplies for Bavaria.

PARIS, April 29.—The Council of Three, comprising Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau and President Wilson, met on Sunday, to present the situation created by the threatened hostilities between the Poles and the Germans. Premier Paderewski, the Polish Premier, and the Lithuanian representative in Paris, attended the allied commission at Warsaw. The council also decided that ultimate decision as to the disposition of disputed territory must not be affected by military occupation.

No supplies will be sent to Bavaria, unless being available, and the situation having changed since the presentation of the original proposal.

Acted Like a Cold Douche.

CAIRO, April 29.—The strike of Government officials, which has been called for noon this time, is over, and work has been resumed. The publication of the American letter recognizing the British protectorate acted like a cold douche. Extremists who recognize the futility of their aspirations regarding complete independence, and who had taken the lead in recognizing Great Britain's position in Egypt.

Canadian Renounces Decoration.

LONDON, April 29. — Announcement is made in the London Gazette and Canadian Gazette, late honorary colonel of the Canadian Veterinary Corps, has resigned the Companionship of St. Michael and St. George conferred upon him last year.

Capt. Sharpe's Death.

TORONTO, April 29. — Captain Daniel Sharpe, a lake mariner for many years, and for the past quarter of a century dominion inspector at Port Credit, died Sunday, aged 88.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET.

TORONTO, April 29.—Quotations on the Farmers' Market yesterday were as follows:—

Hay and Straw—		
Hay, No. 1, per ton	$28 00	to $30 00
Hay, No. 2, per ton	26 00	27 00
Hay, No. 3, per ton	24 00	25 00
Straw, rye, per ton	12 00	14 00
Straw, oats, per ton	13 00	14 00
Straw, oat, bundled, per ton	17 00	18 00
Dairy Produce, Retail—		
Eggs, new laid, doz	$0 45	to $0 55
Bulk, going at	0 48	0 50
Butter, farmers' dairy	0 47	0 50
Bulk, going at	0 46	
Spring chickens, lb	0 40	0 50
Roasting fowl, lb	0 45	0 50
Boiling fowl, lb	0 30	0 35
Fruit, Farm Produce, Wholesale.		
Butter, creamery, fresh-made, lb. prints	$0 46	to $...
do. do. cut solids	0 43	...
Butter, choice dairy, lb	0 42	...
Oleomargarine, lb	0 23	0 24
Eggs, new-laid, doz	0 47	0 48
Eggs, selected, in cartons, dozen	0 50	0 52
Cheese, year-old Stilton, per lb	0 35	...
Cheese, September, lb	0 32	...
Cheese, new, lb	0 29½	...
Honey, 10 and 60-lb. pails, per lb	0 23	0 25
Honey, sections, each	0 30	0 40
Fruit and Vegetables—		
Tomatoes, lb	$0 20	to $...
Onions, lb	0 26½	...
Pound prints	0 32	...
Meats and Poultry—		
10-lb. pails	$0 25	to $...
Pound prints	0 30	...
Fresh Meats, Wholesale.		
Beef, hindquarters, cwt.	$20 00	$24 00
Beef, forequarters, cwt.	12 00	15 00
Beef, forequarters, cwt.	18 00	19 00
Beef, choice, cwt.	22 00	25 00
Beef, common, cwt.	15 00	17 00
Veals, common, each	12 00	15 00
Lambs, yearlings, lb	0 28	0 30
Mutton, cwt.	24 00	26 00
Veal, prime, cwt.	24 00	28 00
Veal, medium, cwt.	18 00	22 00
Veal, common, cwt.	12 00	15 00
Hogs, heavy, cwt.	20 00	22 00
Hogs, fed and watered	20 00	Prices
Live-Weight Prices—		
Chickens, grain-fed, lb.	$0 35	to $...
Chickens, lb.	0 30	...
Hens under 4½ lbs., lb.	0 30	...
Hens, 4½ lbs. or over, lb.	0 33	...
Hens over 6 lbs., lb.	0 34	...
Roosters, lb.	0 25	...
Ducks, lb.	0 35	...
Dressed—		
Chickens, crate-fed, lb.	$0 34	to $0 38
Chickens, lb.	0 30	0 35
Hens under 4½ lbs., lb.	0 30	...
Hens over 4½ lbs., lb.	0 35	...
Hens, 4½ lbs. or over, lb.	0 34	...
Roosters, lb.	0 25	...
Ducks, lb.	0 35	...
Turkeys, young, lb.	0 37	...
Turkeys, old, lb.	0 37	...
Dressed Hogs, Wholesale Seeds.		
No. 1 alsike, cwt.	$30 00	to $...
No. 2 alsike, cwt.	26 00	...
No. 3 alsike, cwt.	24 00	...
No. 1 red clover, cwt.	47 00	...
No. 2 red clover, cwt.	45 00	...
No. 3 red clover, cwt.	40 00	...
No. 1 timothy, cwt.	15 00	...
No. 2 timothy, cwt.	13 00	...
No. 3 timothy, cwt.	12 00	...

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank Building, report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

Corn—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	169	172	165¾	166	170¾
July	170¾	170¾	166	166¼	170¾
Sept.	164¾	167	163¼	163¾	164¾
Oats—					
May	72¾	72¾	71¼	71¼	72¾
July	72¾	72¾	71¼	71¼	72¾
Sept.	71¼	71¼	70	70	71¼
Pork—					
May	53.75	53.35	52.75	52.90	53.25
July	51.50	51.60	51.10	51.10	51.75
Lard—					
May	32.90	33.00	32.40	32.50	33.07
July	31.90	32.25	31.20	31.60	31.92
Ribs—					
May	28.50	28.75	28.50	28.57	28.87
July	27.50	28.25	27.50	28.00	28.35

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 29.—With a run of 2596 head of cattle to be exact, on the Union Stock Yards market yesterday, following the light receipts of the week, the market for all classes of cattle with the exception of heavy export steers (of which there was only one load) was firm and strong.

All classes, especially the lighter quality butcher steers and heifers, were in active demand, and sold well and more would have found a ready market.

Butcher cows and bulls were steady, and there was a good demand for stockers and feeders and their young cows for grazing purposes.

There was a heavy run of calves (872), and the prices fell away anywhere from $1 to $1.50 per cwt., with sheep and lambs held steady.

The hog market with a run of 2616, held steady, selling at 21¾c f.o.b.

Beginning to-day the price for fed and watered hogs will be 22¼ c. and for f.o.b. hogs 21¼c, a straight one dollar difference.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., April 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500; steers slow, 25c to 50c lower; prime steers $17 to $18; shipping grades, $15 to $16.50; butcher grades $14 to $16.50; yearlings $16 to $16.50; heifers $14 to $14.50; cows $12.50 to $13.50; bulls $7.50 to $12.50; stockers and feeders $9 to $13; fresh cows and springers $65 to $150.

Calves—Receipts, 3,700; active, 25c lower; $6 to $16.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; active, 40c lower; Heavy, mixed and yorkers, $21; roughs, $18.50 to $19; pigs $19 to $19.25; roughs, $18.50 to $18.75; stags $12 to $14.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 19,000; lambs 25c to 35c lower.

Wool lambs, $11 to $20.50; clipped lambs, $15 to $17.50; yearlings, $10 to $18.50; wethers, $13.50 to $15; ewes, $1 to $12; mixed sheep $13 to $13.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 28.—Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; market opened 10c to 15c lower; one load sold at $20.95; estimated tomorrow, 34,000. Range of sales, $20.60 to $20.75; heavyweight, $20.70 to $20.85; medium weight, $20.60 to $20.80; lightweight, $20 to $20.75; light light, $18.80 to $20.50; heavy packing sows, $18.75 to $20.25; pigs, $17.25 to $18.75.

Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; compared with Thursday, a few choice beef steers steady; butcher cattle mostly 25c to 40c lower; stockers and feeders 50c lower; calves 25c lower; estimated tomorrow, 8,000. Range of sales, $7.50 to $15; light beef steers, $10.25 to $17.85; butcher cows and heifers, $7.50 to $15; canners and cutters, $5.35 to $10.25; veal calves, $12 to $13.50; stockers and feeder steers, $7.50 to $13.65.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 16,000; opened strong; sound all early clearances steady to 15c lower; estimated tomorrow, 14,000. Lambs: 84 lbs. down, $17.75 to $19.65; 85 lbs. up, $17.25 to $19.50; culls, $13 to $17.25; springs, $18.50 to $21. Ewes: Medium, good and choice, $11.75 to $15.50; culls and common, $6 to $11.75.

Grain—

The Vogue of the Panel.

The vogue for loose flying panels on dresses seems to be increasing as the season develops. At first confined to the back, these loose and full-length panels are seen now on both front and back of formal, semiformal and afternoon frocks. They are frequently of a material different from that in the body of the dress and sometimes are of a different color. The combination of satin and serge is seen a great deal and, where the dress is all silk, the body of the dress is usually of a shiny material while the panels are dull finished Georgette of the same color.

J. O. Dromgole, senior judge of Bexar County, died at Washington of pneumonia after a brief illness.

Theodore Roosevelt Will Be Given Unique Honor By the Admiring British

THROUGHOUT the British Empire there will run a feeling of deep satisfaction over the decision of the British Government to honor the memory of the late Col. Roosevelt by a service in Westminster Abbey, and perhaps by the erection of a tablet bearing his name. Such an honor is rarely paid to one not a British subject, although there are some precedents for it, and this makes more marked the fact that a tablet in the abbey is the highest honor that the British Empire can pay to the memory of a man. To be created a duke, a lord chancellor or an archbishop is esteemed a less honor than to have won a right to burial at Westminster. No American of this generation, we believe, has so well deserved the tribute that will be paid as Col. Roosevelt. He was the greatest American of his time, a profound influence in world affairs, and a staunch friend of the Empire's.

Interment in Westminster and the erection of a memorial there are, of course, two very different things; but an American citizen had the very remarkable honor of being interred in the abbey, his remains afterward being sent to the United States, and of a permanent memorial being built in form of a stone in the nave. This was George Peabody, the great American philanthropist, who was born in the United States of English parentage. He returned to the Old Country in 1837, and lived there for thirty years. In the course of that time he gave away $[illegible] for the benefit of the poor of London. The Peabody buildings in the crowded districts of London are today providing comfortable tenements for more than 25,000 artisans and laborers. In recognition of his great gifts he was made a freeman of the City of London, and a statue of him was erected near the Royal Exchange.

When Peabody died his remains were buried in the nave of the abbey, but a month later they were disinterred and sent as a final resting place in his native country at Danvers (now Peabody), Mass. As a special honor Queen Victoria had the body sent back to the United States on H. M. S. Monarch. George Peabody was the only American who ever had the honor of burial in Westminster. In a review of some of the American's many careers have been commemorated by tablets or windows at Westminster, Margaret C. Getchell, in the Philadelphia Public Ledger recalls the fact that George W. Childs, for many years publisher of the Ledger, was responsible for two of them. These are the windows to George Herbert and William Cowper. There is also a memorial to Col. Joseph Lemuel Chester, who was born in Norwich, Conn., in 1821, and died in London in 1882, having spent nearly a quarter of a century there studying American genealogies. His investigations in this direction were held to have entitled him to special recognition.

Herbert and Cowper, both scholars of Westminster, were described by Dean Stanley (who, by the way, was responsible for the happy phrase, "Poet's Corner") as representing the opposite poles of the Church of England, and Mr. Childs was called by the dean "the Angel of the Church of Philadelphia." Not less happy was the impression the dean made upon Americans in the course of the visit in which he met Mr. Childs, and his friends on this side of the Atlantic subscribed the cost of one of the memorial windows in the chapter house that later were unveiled in his honor. Longfellow's memorial stands in Poets' Corner. It is a very fine bust, and there never was any question that he had deserved the honor. The same may be said of James Russell Lowell, who although he was a staunch American, was a great admirer of the British, and while Ambassador to the Court of St. James from 1880 to 1885, did much to cement the friendship between the two countries. Both the Longfellow and the Lowell busts were presented by English subscribers. Curiously enough, the bust of Samuel Taylor Coleridge was presented to Poets' Corner by his American admirers, and on the occasion of its unveiling by Lowell, the address he made was held to be one of the finest tributes ever paid to the poet.

A monument of peculiar interest to both British and Americans is that of Major John Andre. This gallant young British officer fought in the Revolutionary war, was captured by the Americans and executed as a spy. He was no Benedict Arnold, but a devoted soldier who met an ignominous death in the discharge of his duty. The writer in the Ledger tells us that memorial tablets are often placed on his monument by American visitors. One token of affection was a small crest of goldenrod which was accompanied by the following card: "Every American schoolboy regrets the fate of Major Andre, and this goldenrod has been brought from Delaware, in America, as a tribute to the young British soldier." Major Andre was buried beneath the gallows on the banks of the Hudson, where he was executed, but forty years later the remains were removed to England and buried anew in the abbey. The wooden chest in which they were taken back is carefully preserved at Westminster. Not far from the abbey is St. George's Church, Hanover Square, and here Theodore Roosevelt was married to Edith Kermit Carow, on Dec. 2, 1886, and here thousands of his admirers have read his signature and that of his wife on the register. So, for many years past, the great American had a tie of peculiar affection with England.

FISHERMEN NEEDED.

British Cannot Handle the Abnormal Catches.

The slow demobilization of service men is seriously affecting the fishing industry round Deal, England, where some abnormal catches of sprats have been brought in. The Downs seem to be full of these fish; something like 150 lasts (of about 10,000 fish each) have been taken, but owing to the shortage of labor and the lack of sufficient plant the fishermen have been unable to dispose of a large part of the national loss.

One boat, measuring 17 feet long, and manned by only two men, made a record haul in regard to time, but the operation nearly ended in disaster. Their net became choked, and the boat was so heavily laden with fish that the cork buoys attached to the nets were dragged below the surface of the water. The men loaded their boat until the gunwale was almost level with the sea and they were in danger of sinking, and the help of another boat was required. When these two boats reached the shore they found that they had captured 17 tons, no fewer than 150,000 fish, which works out at something like 1,700 per minute.

It is stated that 200 lasts have been taken in one day, and the men state that they can easily double or even treble this output if their skilled companions now on service or waiting to return could be demobilized a little more quickly.

Fishermen have been seen to shake out their first captures in the morning and go afloat for the second consignment, and when they have returned to shore they found their first captures still lying on the beach, as no men are available to pack them. As matters now stand a plentiful supply of easily accessible food is being lost to the nation owing to the shortage of labor, to say nothing of the financial loss to the fishermen themselves.

The men also complain that they are handicapped in the race work by the immense number of ravenous seagulls which hover over their catches, as soon as they haul in their nets these birds swoop down and attack and devour the fish by thousands, in spite of the men's efforts to beat them off with oars and boat-hooks, while the continuous screaming of the birds makes the men nearly deaf.

Memorials of Our Heroes.

A statement on the work of the Imperial War Graves Commission, signed by Mr. Rudyard Kipling, announces that memorials to commemorate the parts borne by particular armies, divisions, or regiments in campaigns and battles, such as, to name only a few, the Canadians at Ypres, the South Africans at Delville Wood, the Australians at Amiens, the British at the breaking of the Hindenburg Line, will be advised upon by a fully representative military committee.

Sir Frederic Kenyon recommended that in each cemetery there should stand a Cross of Sacrifice and an Altar-Stone, and that wherever possible and that the headstones of the graves should be of uniform shape and size. Plain headstones, measuring 2 feet 6 inches by 1 foot 3 inches, were, therefore, chosen, upon which the cross or other religious symbol of the dead man's faith could be carved and his regimental badge fully displayed. The regiments have been consulted as to the designs of these badges.

In due time, wherever a man may be buried, from East Africa to North Russia, his headstone will carry the regimental badge identifiable the world over.

"The commission feel that relatives should be allowed only a short inscription of their own choice. These will be at the relatives' expense, and it has been found necessary to restrict the length of the inscription to 65 letters. Every cemetery will keep registers of the dead buried there.

"It is inevitable that there must be single graves and groups. There is a strong sentiment among all ranks that such scattered graves look lonely; and the instinct of the service demands that those who fell by the wayside should be gathered in to rest with the nearest main body of their companions. That is why the commission, with all due care and reverence, proposes to do."

All letters should be addressed to secretary, Imperial War Graves Commission, Winchester House, St. James' square, S.W. London.

Spire 530 Feet High.

The highest spire in the world is that of Ulm Cathedral, which is 530 feet in height; it was completed in 1890.

Ancient City of London Must Enlarge Its Borders For Fifth Time in History

IN its 2,000 years of history London has enlarged its borders four times. The first was in the time of King Alfred, the last time was in 1855, when the present boundaries of the area known since 1889 as the County of London were fixed.

In the eighteenth century Tyburn, then the place of execution, and now within a few yards of the Marble Arch, was two miles from London. In the forties of the last century, only a dozen years before the date of the last enlargement of London, Belgravia was covered with fields, farming part of a swamp that stretched as far as Fulham. A hunting pack "found" in the fields of Pimlico less than a hundred years ago.

The London of 1855, which is the London of-to-day, is to be enlarged to the London over which the Metropolitan Police have cogtrol—the real metropolis. The London of 1920 will cover 693 square miles, nearly 700 times the size of the London of Queen Elizabeth.

For twenty years London reformers have been agitating for the extension of the boundaries of London, and for as many years the governing bodies outside the county but within the boundaries of Metropolitan Police London have resisted the proposal.

In all that time the movement of population outside London has been increasing, until to-day there are virtually as many people living outside the County of London but within the Metropolitan Police London as there are in the county itself.

Politics and sentiment, which have tied down the boundaries of London since 1855, have been swept out of consideration. Necessity counts today. London must take within herself the whole of the population living between Richmond and Romford and Barnet and Purley, or give up the task of providing the ordinary amenities to which every aggregation of human beings is entitled.

The two parties on the London County Council have agreed to the necessity for an immediate enlargement of London to an area of nearly 700 square miles; the governing bodies outside are agreed that something of the sort must be done if public necessities are to be met, and Parliament should find in the next session an easy task in planning a new London.

In the municipal elections which are to take place this year the plan will be put before the electors. It is expected that London will be asked to give its decision next March, since that election is specially mentioned in the postponement of Elections Act, and Parliament, which meets on the eve of the date when, according to law, the election must take place, is not likely to attempt to stop it at the eleventh hour.

In expectation of the London County Council election taking place arrangements are on the eve of completion by which party politics will be avoided and a coalition council formed to get through the scheme of enlargement, among other reforms urgently needed to do justice to the inhabitants living in the area covered by the metropolitan police.

Unless this is done, and very quickly, the pressing problems of housing, transit, power and subsidiary concerns cannot be solved. Central London is built over; practically the whole of London north of the Thames is covered. There must be clearances in the congested districts.

Areas for building houses exist only in the southeastern part of London, but before anything can be done in the way of house building the lines of communication (rail and road) must be greatly increased.

The housing problem, which is the most pressing, cannot be settled until the means of transit are made adequate.

The London population move to and from its work like no other population on earth. The transit problem cannot be settled by a hundred and one local authorities which have no power to do anything outside their own boundaries, but must be dealt with as a whole.

The town planning schemes of the outer districts must be co-ordinated and devised to fit in with a complete system of transit, including tube, railway, tramways, steam and electric railways and bus services.

It is impossible to build houses for Londoners with any hope of meeting real needs until and unless the transit is there ready for the use of the new inhabitants.

The whole future of the new London, which will come into being soon, depends upon transit, and that in turn depends upon a single control. It may be a traffic board — although London has had more than enough of boards, especially those which are directly in touch with the electorate — but whatever may be its composition it must be armed with great spending powers and be left free even by Parliament to develop the new London on broad, comprehensive lines designed to make the Empire metropolis the easiest and best city in the world for the movement of population.

Everything that makes London a city of success depends upon the facilities for movement.

Getting Nearer.

Tryhard was not over-intelligent, but industrious. He was doing his best to master the mysteries of mathematics and a member of the geometry class.

"Well, Mr. Tryhard," said the professor of mathematics to the struggling youth, "do you succeeded in proving the proposition which I set you?"

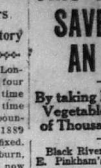
"I don't say that," answered his pupil. "Proved is rather a strong word, but I've rendered it highly probable!"

A Chinese Altar.

There is no altar on earth which vies in marble majesty with the altar of heaven—Tien T'ian—in the south of the Chinese city of Pekin, which Emperor Yung-lo of the Ming dynasty reared in A.D. 1420, with its triple balustrades, stairs and platforms of pure white marble carved miraculously, its great circle covering a wide area in the midst of a vast inclosure! There the emperor knelt once a year and worshipped "the only being in the universe he could look up to" — Shang-ti — the Emperor of the world above, whose court was in the sky and the spear tips of whose soldiers were the stars.

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.



Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. Emerick, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root-and-herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities, or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

A NEW IRISH PARTY.

"Home Rule Within the Empire" Is Their Policy.

Although it is, as yet, too early to attempt any forecast concerning the prospects of the new Centre Party in Ireland, there is no doubt that the prime movers in the scheme can lay claim to the confidence of both sides. Sir Horace Plunkett is himself the very personification of the via media. The fairness and resource with which he filled the supremely difficult office of chairman of the Irish Convention, eighteen months ago, won cordial recognition from all parties. No Ulsterman felt any reason to doubt his regard for Ulster or his sympathy with her position, and there was no man from the South or West who did not feel that he had in Sir Horace a tried friend. Then Capt. Stephen Gwynn, the chairman of the new party, while he sat in the last Parliament as a Nationalist, and was widely known for his ardent advocacy of Home Rule, has, by his signal services at the front, given proof enough of his loyalty to the Empire and the cause of the Allies to satisfy even the most exacting Ulsterman. As to Gen. Sir Hubert Gough, five years ago Ulster would have claimed him unreservedly as her own. It was Sir Hubert Gough who, on that memorable day in March, 1914, when informed by Sir Arthur Paget, commander-in-chief in Ireland, that his brigade might be required for active service in the northern province, sent in his resignation rather than risk being obliged to take part in the "coercion of Ulster."

In those days Sir Hubert Gough had very strong and imperative views; but, between March, 1914, and February, 1915, like the war, and Sir Hubert has come back from the war, where he saw Irishmen of all creeds and political views fighting side by side in the trenches, with that broader outlook which so many men and women have gained in France and on other battle fronts. To-day Sir Hubert is a convinced supporter of Home Rule, as he understands it, and it is refreshing to find how well he does understand it. There is nothing vague about his views, as he unfolded them, recently, Ireland, he insists, needs self-government to steady herself. Irishmen abroad have shown themselves eminently capable in the art of government, and, once admitted to the management of their own affairs in Ireland, they will know how to deal with each other. Extreme views will disappear, he declares, because it cannot survive the practical tests. Ulster, however, cannot be, and must not be coerced. Sir Hubert is quite as definite on this point as he was in 1914, and so he urges for Ireland "self-government, within the Empire, on federal lines, subject to the Imperial Parliament in certain matters concerning the whole Empire, and permitting local provincial self-government within her own borders." This plan would, he considers, meet the objections of Ulster, and would avoid the evils of partition. With partition, indeed, as a solution of the question, Sir Hubert Gough will have nothing to do. Partition, he declares, would result in an impenetrable wall being built between Ulster and the rest of Ireland, a result the very opposite of that aimed at by the Centre Party.

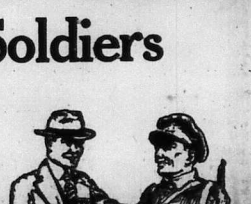
Now as to the arguments for or against Sir Hubert Gough's views, they may be for the moment dismissed. They are important and well known. Indeed, it is difficult to imagine that there remains, at this date, any argument for or against Home Rule for Ireland which has not been adduced. What renders Sir Hubert Gough's views and the whole intent of the Centre Party tremendously important, at the present juncture, is that the desire for compromise which they represent is clearly the only line along which solution is in any way possible. There is no solution in the wildly positive attitude of Sinn Fein, just as there is no solution in the doggedly negative attitude of Ulster. There is, however, always hope in the spirit of compromise, and it is the spirit of compromise that pervades the policy of the Centre Party. As Capt. Stephen Gwynn, its chairman, put it, recently, the new party desires a conference of Irishmen as soon as possible, a new Irish convention. For the Centre Party recognizes two facts clearly enough; first, that the Irish question can only be settled as the result of compromise, and, second, that the Irish question is an Irish question, and must be settled by Irishmen.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Help the Y.M.C.A. Finish its Work For Soldiers

Help the "Y" Construct the Manhood that will Re-construct Canada

ALL the world now knows that the Red Triangle of the Y.M.C.A. was the "Sign of Friendship" to thousands of your brothers, sons, nephews, cousins and neighbours' boys in the last four and a half years. Wherever the Canadian Soldiers went, the "Good old 'Y'" went too. And now it is coming back home with them!



The Y.M.C.A. will keep its chain of Service unbroken till the end.

For the support which has made possible the war work of the Y.M.C.A. we thank you. Your money has been well expended. We have rendered full account.

We ask now your continued sympathy and support for Red Triangle Service for our Soldiers during demobilization, and for Y.M.C.A. work for Canada generally during the Reconstruction period. The Annual Red Triangle campaign will be held throughout Canada May 5th to 9th, 1919. The objective is $1,100,000.

For Our Men Returning

For the soldiers and their dependents, returning from Overseas, we have provided as follows:—

1. A Red Triangle man on board every ship when it leaves Great Britain, with a full equipment of games, gramophones and records, magic lantern, literature and writing materials. Where possible, also a piano or an organ. Lectures, concerts, sing songs, instruction re Government repatriation plans, and Sunday Services.

2. Red Triangle comforts and facilities for the men on arrival at Halifax, St. John, Quebec and Montreal, including coffee stalls, with free drinks, tobacco, cigarettes, candies, etc.

3. Red Triangle men on every troop train to provide regularly free drinks, eatables and cigarettes, organize games and sing songs, and furnish information.

4. Red Triangle free canteen service, information bureau, etc., at each of the 22 Dispersal centres in Canada.

5. Red Triangle Clubs in the principal cities of Canada in the shape of large Y.M.C.A. hostels to furnish bed and board at low rates and to be a rendezvous for soldiers.

6. Seventy-five Secretaries to superintend Red Triangle service in Military Hospitals, Camps and Barracks throughout Canada.

7. Tickets entitling soldiers to full Y.M.C.A. privileges for six months at any local Y.M.C.A. furnished.

In addition to our work for the returning soldiers, we have to maintain the Red Triangle service to the full for the soldiers in Siberia, as well as the work of special secretaries in Northern Russia, Palestine and Poland.

For Canada's Manhood

The Reconstruction program of the *Y. M. C. A.* includes the following vitally important developments:—

1. An increased service to 300,000 teen-age boys in the Dominion—the development of Canadian Standard Efficiency training; Bible Study groups; summer camps; conferences; service for High School boys, for working boys, in the towns and cities; for boys on the farm and for boys everywhere, who have lacked opportunity for mental, moral, physical or social development.

2. Inauguration of Y.M.C.A. work in the country, and the smaller towns and villages lacking Association buildings and equipment, on a plan of co-operating organizations. This will include the establishment of Red Triangle centres for social, recreational and educational work among boys and men, in co-operation with the churches.

3. The promotion of Y.M.C.A. work among Canada's army of workers in industrial plants, both in Y.M.C.A. buildings and in the factory buildings, organizing the social spirit among the industrial workers of our cities by meetings, entertainments, games and sports.

4. The establishment of the Red Triangle in isolated districts where lumbermen, miners and other workers hold the front trenches of industry.

5. Besides these main fields of increased activity for 1919, we have to provide for enlarged work among railway men, college students and for our campaign to encourage physical and sex education. Under all our work we place the fundamental foundation of manly Christianity.

Canadian Y.M.C.A. Red Triangle Campaign $1,100,000 May 5 to 9 Canada's Gift to Appeal

Y.W.C.A.

For the wives and children Overseas, dependents of Canadian soldiers, and for Y.W.C.A. work in Canada generally, a sum of $175,000 from the Red Triangle Fund will be set aside for the Dominion Council of the Y.W.C.A., which is caring for the soldiers' women folk, and their little ones on the long journey, from Liverpool to Canada, and is also extending its work for Canadian girls.

For their sake also be generous when you make your contribution.

FOR the sake of our victorious soldiers and their dependents, and the happiness of their home-coming; for the sake of our future citizens, our teen-age boys; for the sake of rural life in Canada; for the sake of the social betterment of the toilers in factory and workshop; for the sake of lonely men and boys in our mines and forests; for the sake of Christian Society and Canadian manhood—we appeal to you. Give us your contribution, little or big. Be as generous as you can.

Hand your contribution to the canvasser when he calls, or if you live where it is difficult for him to call, send it by check, money order or registered letter to the National Treasurer, Red Triangle Campaign, 120 Bay Street, Toronto.

Please Note:

We are not asking for money to carry on our work Overseas, with the Army in Great Britain, France or Belgium. That work will continue at its maximum for some months, financially provided for by the liquidation of our assets Overseas, and will not terminate till the last man has sailed for home.

National Council, Young Men's Christian Associations of Canada

The Red Triangle Campaign is being conducted under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency, the Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., P.C.

Hon. Campaign Chairman: JOHN W. ROSS, Montreal

Campaign Chairman: G. HERBERT WOOD, Toronto

Campaign Treasurer: THOMAS BRADSHAW, Toronto

Campaign Director: CHAS. W. BISHOP, Toronto / 150

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If so we are prepared to meet your needs whether it be a **Hand-Power, Water-Power, Gasoline Motor or Electric.**

A Necessity in Every Home.

Save TIME, HEALTH and LABOR and elimnate that WASH DAY DRUDGERY.

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(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

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Strictly Private and Confidential.
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Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

Has a full stock of
Flour, Shorts, Govt. Hog Feed, Govt. Dairy Feed, and Oilcake.
Storehouse open Saturdays.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
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SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods :

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop Barley Feed. Cracked Corn. Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.
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Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at

THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.

ENLARGING COPYING

POULTRY MEETING !

The last Meeting of the Season of the Napanee Poultry Association will be held in the **Agricultural Office, on Monday evening, May 5th.** Mr. T. W. Clark, President of the Ontario Poultry improvement Association, will be the speaker of the evening. He will explain the Government plans for improving the laying stock in Ontario. White Wyandotte and Orpingtons will be on exhibition and judged both for exhibition and utility qualities.

Returned soldiers wishing to take up poultry keeping, will be given free settings of purebred eggs donated by members of the Napanee Poultry Association. Every poultry breeder should make it a point to attend this meeting on **Monday evening.**

J. M. THOMPSON, Secy. Napanee Poultry Association.

NEW GARAGE !

Repairing and Painting all Makes of Cars

Independent of any special car.

Gasolene, Oils, Tires, Etc., always on hand.

DAY and NIGHT SERVICE.

Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.
Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

PUBLIC HEALTH NOTICE

Notice is hereby Given that all **Householders and other persons** residing in the municipality of the Town of Napanee must remove all putrid and decaying animal and vegetable matter from all cellars, buildings and yards, and must clean out any foul or offensive drain, ditch, gutter, privy cesspool or ash pit, kept or so constructed as to be dangerous to public health, and must also remove any accumulation of dung, manure, offal, filth, refuse, ashes, or stagnant water, **ON or BEFORE MAY FIRST 1919,** as provided by the Public Health Act.

Notice is also hereby given to all owners and occupants of property in the Town of Napanee, that on and after said May 1st all premises will be inspected, and if found in an unsanitary condition, will be ordered to be vacated until put in a sanitary condition.

Any neglect or refusal to remove or abate such matter or thing as aforesaid shall subject the person or persons so neglecting to a **Penalty** of not less than **$5.00** nor more than **$50.00,** in the discretion of the convicting Justices or Magistrate.

Any complaints against the violation of the Public Health Act should be made to **F. W. Barrett,** Sanitary Inspector for the said Town of Napanee.

By order of the Board of Health.

G. H. Cowan, M. D., Medical Officer of Health.

W. A. Grange, Sec. Local Board of Health.

Dated Napanee, April 18th, 1919

Tally and playing cards for sale at WALLACE'S.

Apples for pie and for sauce—two or three barrels left at **H. W. KELLEY'S.**

LIVE STOCK SHIPPING

Owing to increased business, we have found it necessary to change our shipping day from Friday to **MONDAY.** Will start Monday, April 21st and every Monday following. We are prepared to handle your live stock of all kinds. Come and get a square deal. Phone the manager before selling.

Richmond Farmers Co-operative Association
S. C. S. McKim,
Phone 110 Manager

The Roblindale Co-operative Association will ship hogs from Roblindale Station on **Thursday, April 24th.** We will use you right. Highest market price paid.

S. C. S. McKim,
Manager.

FOR SALE

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation have listed with me the properties of the late Uriah Wilson and John Wilson for sale. For prices and terms of sale apply to D. M. WILSON, Solicitor, Agent, Napanee, Ont. 39tf

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Hand and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.

ROBT. LIGHT.
44tf

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

10.00—Fellowship and Reception Service.
11.15—Sacramental.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Regular Service.
Monday, 8.00—League Missionary Rally. Rev. J. K. Smith, a returned missionary, will speak.
Tuesday, 8—Quarterly Board Meeting.
Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer and Praise.

FREE !

For the cost of hauling, 50 loads of clean earth. Apply Geo. Harmer, Napanee. Phone 265.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat, ; First class Workmen ; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

A Bad Shock

To have four tires go flat 1000 miles from home on a rainy night Get our prices on Tire Repairs.

East End Tire Repair
21bp Dundas st., opposite Falls

Hogs and Calves Wanted.

Will ship on Thursday, May 3rd, 1919. Will pay $21.00 for select hogs. $18.00 for Sows. 7c. to 13c. for Calves. Banks close at 1 p.m.

J. W. HAMBLY.
G. H. WILLIAMS.

Police Court.

Patrick O'Ray, Reid, paid $250 and costs ; Felix Clement, Bogart, $250 this week for failing to enlist under the N.S.A. Stanley Sweet, South Fredericksburgh, paid $25.00 and costs for failing to report for a second medical examination.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship hogs and calves on Tuesday, May 6th, and pay $21.00 cwt. or $21.25 cwt. now $3.00 cwt. less. Veal calves from 8c. to 12c. to 15c. lb. Hold your hogs and calves and get the highest price.

FRED WILSON,
Telephone 226.

Go to M. Taylor

For wrist watches, pocket watches, Onyx, Pearl, signet and diamond rings, cuff links, necklets, and all kinds of jewelery, wedding rings wedding and shower presents. A full line of 1847 Rodgers cutlery always on hand. Marriage Licenses issued Personal attention to all watch repairing.

Lawn Bowling.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a "Lawn Bowling Club" for the town, is to be held at the Carting Club on Monday evening next, 5th inst., at 8 o'clock. It is important that all who are interested in this matter should attend as it is necessary to get at work in preparing the ground, etc., immediately if we are to have bowling towards the latter end of the present season. Kindly keep the date in mind and be on hand.

R. A. LEONARD,
Pres. C. B. Ltd.

Fire in Sydenham.

Early on Monday morning fire was discovered in the home of Wes Richards, Sydenham, and assistance called from the villagers. The flames, which were believed to have started from overheated furnace pipes, could not be extinguished, however, and the building was completely destroyed. Only a very small amount of furniture was saved. The house is a simgle frame structure which was easy prey to the flames. It was valued at $2500 and is owned by Warden Triscott. The loss is partially covered by $1000 insurance in the British-American Insurance Co. E. Godwin, of the company was in Sydenham on Monday making an adjustment.

Patriotic Calenders For 1919.

Handsome designs, all prices, sheet music and the latest Vocal an Instrumental.

M. PIZZARIELLO.

Rev. Ben Spence Sentenced.

Rev. Ben Spence, Secretary of the Dominion Alliance, was convicted by Magistrate Kingsford in the police court at Toronto on Wednesday on charges of publishing banned literature and fined $500 or four months at the Jail Farm. Mr. W. E. Raney, K.C., counsel for the defendant, at once intimated his intention of immediately entering an appeal, and the magistrate admitted Mr. Spence a week to collect the money, if he decided to pay the fine. In summing up the case, Magistrate Kingsford declared that Mr. Spence was fortunate in that the Crown had stayed the original proceedings, had the case come up when the information was laid, he said, in the black days of the war, the public would have loudly have demanded a more severe sentence. In imposing the penalty he had taken into consideration the fact that the war was now over. The matter, Mr. Kingsford said, was very simple to decide. If Mr. Spence had published the book, and if the book was proven to be essentially the same as the original "Parasite," then the accused was guilty under the order in Council. If it was not for his court to decide whether or not there was anything obnoxious in "The Parasite." The Dominion Government was the supreme authority and it had delegated authority to the Censor. The contents of the book should only be considered in imposing the penalty.

BEANS ! BEANS ! BEANS !

M. B. Mills wants all your White Beans. Must be hand-picked and clean. Bring in samples and get prices.
17-tf

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, Minister

9.45—Fellowship Class.
10.30—Communion service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening worship.
Monday, 8.00—Special service in Grace church to hear Rev. J. K. Smith.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer service.
Thurs., 8.00—Choir practice.

RE COUNTY MEMORIAL

Mr Editor :—

I have read with much interest the letters from Mr. W. S. Herrington and Mr. S. D. Wagar in which suggestions were offered as to what form a memorial should take.

Like the authors of these letters I also assume that there can be no two opinions as to whether a memorial should be erected and it is only left to decide as to what shall be its nature and design and where it should be placed.

Another matter will, I think, admit of no controversy and that is that whatever is eventually chosen should be of an absolutely permanent nature, appropriate for the purpose and symbolical of the glorious deeds of these young gladiators who went forth so gladly to battle against the unlawful and barbarous and unholy lust of the greatest and most minutely prepared military organization the world has ever known. They were unmindful of the privations, undaunted by the danger, thinking only of the issue.

Many, too many, of these shall never return to gladden the hearts of their loved ones here but they have left to the world a record of deeds which shall be as everlasting as time itself and so should be the memorial which must be erected to remind future generations and to perpetuate that record of wonderful deeds and everlasting glory.

As to the location and although this question is debateable, I have no hesitation in saying it is my firm conviction, taking into consideration all conditions, the most appropriate place in the county for the memorial is the county seat and if, what I shall later on suggest, be chosen it should be erected on county property and in my judgment the court house lawn is far superior as a site to any other place in the town.

It must be admitted that the plan of a memorial hall will commend itself to the ultra utilitarian and is in a large measure a memorial. Several objections arise, however, which to my mind include the hall idea. Let there be erected a monument, a grand heroic figure of a Canadian soldier choose a representative of any branch of the service, my own choice would be that of an infantryman with the torch in his hand "holding it high." As to the material for such a statue I make no suggestion but I would have it mounted on a base of Canadian granite in keeping with those of the figure. On this base I would have bronze tablets with the name of each of our fallen County heroes, their rank and unit and in what action they fell. I would also have chiselled upon the granite the beautifully solemn words of the immortal McCrae,—

"Short days ago
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved and now we lie
In Flanders' Fields."

To return to what strongly appeals to me to be objections to a hall and it appeals equally strong that none of these objections apply to the monument idea. A monument is certainly more distinctively a memorial. It would be moral in character, it would be absolutely imperishable, which a hall most decidedly would not be and this seems to me to be an important consideration. It would be more artistic, there would be no upkeep. The first cost would be the only cost and that fact would justify a more liberal expenditure upon it. It would be erected in a more suitable place, as against these objections there is as I view it, only one argument in favor of a hall. It would be useful and I cannot agree that this should be a deciding factor. There is this other objection too, to the hall idea. In all probability the scheme will be financed by the County through its representatives in the County Council, although undoubtedly there will be many subscriptions from among the public. If the hall idea were to obtain it is not unlikely that many of the local councils might decide to erect a memorial hall in their own municipality thus dividing and hampering support from the County Council.

Whatever is done, while I do not advocate lavishness, should be in no pinching manner, but rather in a way that would reflect credit on the County. A strong representative committee will be needed after the provisional committee has accomplished its purpose and I would like to suggest that at the approaching session of the County Council or preferably before, each municipal council should be asked to name a committee, not too large, each municipality appointing an equal number. These committees to be organized on an arranged date into a general committee for the County and from this general committee sub-committees could be chosen each having its separate work to do. I thank you, Mr. Editor, for the space.

Yours etc.
E. H. SIKLS

---

25 cents buys a Thrift Stamp.

Now for Fancy Cake—Go to **H. W. KELLY'S** grocery—fifty different kinds to choose from. All prices from 15c. up to 50c. per lb.

Parke Davis & Co's. Blackleg Vaccine in sealed vials, always fresh and reliable, at WALLACE'S

Let us talk to you about that motor washing machine you are thinking of buying, whether it be electric, gasoline, or water power, at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

Buy War Saving Stamps.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.

NAPANEE FAIR

At the Napanee Driving Park Grounds, **Sept. 9th and 10th.**

Collegiate Concert.

The Napanee Collegiate Memorial concert will be held in the Armouries on the evening of Friday, **May 16th,** and not May 9th, as previously announced.

Speed Limit

May go up but we have tire repairs down 30 per cent. We do those neat, lasting jobs just a little cheaper than you get them any place else.

East End Tire Repair
21bp Dundas st., opposite Falls

BOYES' GROCERY.

Fruits in season, oranges, grape- fruit, prunes, apricots, jams, marmalade, honey in pails. Big assortment of choice biscuits, and cakes. Try our Black Tea. Our Coffee the best in town, fresh ground.

G. W. BOYES,
Phone 236. John St.

Auto Express.

Mr. William Ming started his Motor Express this week. Leaves Paisley House at 8 a.m. Leaves Albion Hotel, Kingston, at 4 p.m., travelling by York road. Passenger rates, $1.50 return. Freight rates on application. Orders left with H. Ming will receive prompt attention.
21-b

Auction Sale

Of household effects, on Dundas street, in store lately occupied by M. B. Judson. This extensive sale will take place on **Saturday, May 3rd,** at one o'clock sharp, consisting of Piano, Walnut and Brass Bedroom Suits, Pictures, Tables, Parlor Suit, Mattresses and Bed springs, Refrigerator, and numerous other articles.

E. S. LAPUM, Auctioneer

We can supply your house cleaning needs in Muresco, Alabastine, O'Cedar Mops and polish, Liquid veneer, Wall Brushes, carpet beaters, etc., etc., at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

Honor Canadians.

Public recognition of the work of Canadians who are doing the expressing to an absolutely necessary condition to success and we have sinned against our own interests by feeding too appreciatively upon the art of another country. If we were truer to our native genius it would undoubtless be found in the end that national art and national prosperity are not irreconcilable.—Edmonton Journal.

Influenza Attacks Coal Miners.

The output of coal in Sheffield, England, has been seriously restricted owing to the ravages of influenza, which attacked the workers in large numbers.

Copalline, the Varnish that holds its gloss, wears like iron, and will not turn white with water. Don't be satisfied with a substitute, but insist on getting Copalline. For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS A SKIN WHITENER

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming
Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone —Office 30, Residence 145.
81f

WONDERLAND

MONDAY
Goldwyn presents
Geraldine Farrar
—in—
The Hell Cat.

"The Hell Cat" is a dynamic melodrama of the Western plains. It is in five big acts. From start to finish, there is a continuous round of exciting action.

WEDNESDAY
Wm. Fox presents
June Caprice
—in—
" Miss Innocence."
A Special Feature in five parts.

COMING — J. Stuart Blackton's great Master Piece— THE COMMON CAUSE.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Save through W.S.S. plan.

Ship Your Wool to Guelph !

FARMERS ! DON'T sacrifice your wool. Last year 24 farmers from Lennox and Addington county shipped their wool to the Co-operative Sale at Guelph and received an average price of 72c. The local price averaged 66c., a clear gain to farmers who shipped to Guelph of 6c. per lb.

How to Ship

The plan is simple. Obtain tags from R. W. Wade, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or G. B. Curran, Napanee. Wool sacks and paper twine are supplied free. Take your wool to the freight or Express Office, bill to Ontario Sheep Breeders, Guelph. Do not pay express or freight. A check for the etimated value of the wool will be mailed at once, less charge.

For fuller information and application forms write or phone

R. W. WADE, Secretary. **G. B. CURRAN,**
Ontario Sheep Breeders, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ont.
Ontario Dept. of Agriculture, Napanee, Ont.

SHINGLES 600,000

HIGH GRADE WHITE and RED CEDAR.

It will pay you to see us before you buy.

W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
Successors to Dafoe & Waller. 45tf

STRAND THEATRE !

House of First-Class Photo Plays.
M. MAKER, Proprietor.

The Follyette Follies

The Big Musical Comedy Co.
Change of Programme Every Night.

TO-NIGHT---Paddy's Troubles.

Big Special Feature to-night (Friday) " THE COUNTY STORE." 25 good, useful Presents FREE. Are you lucky ? Come and see.

SATURDAY NIGHT---Kelly's Sweetheart.

SATURDAY MATINEE---The Screaming Farce **"School Days."**
(Especially for Ladies and Children.)
ADMISSION—Adults 15c., Children 10c.
No War Tax. Don't Miss it.

Also the newest pictures including **Vivian Martin** in a five reel comedy drama, **" MOLLY ENTANGLED,"** also a two reel **Mack Sennett comedy "BATTLE ROYAL."**

Monday and Tuesday, May 5th and 6th
WILLIAM S. HART
in a five reel Western Play
" The Narrow Trail,"
Also good Comedy and News.

Wednesday and Thur. May 7th and 8th
Paramount pictures presents, **Wallace Reid,** in a big five reel drama, **" FIREFLY OF FRANCE,"**—also **William Duncan** in **" A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS."**

REGULAR ADMISSION, 6c. and 11c.
Orchestra on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.
Best of Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarrets, Pipes, Etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A CALL.

NEW SUITS
—AT—
$15.00
New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

We are Continually Surprised
to hear someone whose eyes we are testing say—"I never had my eyes properly tested before, and did not think they could be the cause of my headaches, my nervousness or my inability to read and not get dull and sleepy.

We can test you and honestly advise whether an eye doctor is necessary, and generally save you dollars.

We are also expert in fitting the specialists prescriptions, saving you time and trouble in the city.—All latest shapes Round-Oval-Leaf, invisible bifocals, shell rims, etc.

Testing Free—A. F. CHINNECK
—at—
F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

A REVIEW OF THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

The legislature prorogued on Thursday last with a short and somewhat sombre ceremonial.

There was a bare quorum of members present and a few ladies in street attire. The Lieutenant-Governor was attended by a guard of honor of military officers, but he himself wore civilian dress. The bills passed by the house were read by the assistant clerk and His Honor assented to their becoming law in His Majesty's name. He then read a formal address reviewing the work of the session and commending the members for their efforts.

His Honor's speech mentioned particularly the passing of the housing act, educational legislation, the granting of seats to women, the temperance act amendments and referendum, the creation of a Ministry of Labor, amendments to the workmen's compensation act, the mining act, and other acts. The list of bills assented to was a lengthy one.

Toronto has found the housing act unsuited to its present needs and the Prime minister has promised to validate by legislation any scheme which the city may decide to embark upon to solve its own peculiar problems. Liberals have not sought to embarass the Government in connection with its temperance proposals, their attitude being that the Government must shoulder responsibility for its own legislation as the liberals undertook to do upon their "abolish the bar" platform in 1914. The granting of the right to women to become members of the Assembly has been advocated from the opposition benches from the day the Government adopted the Liberal platform of enfranchising women and this measure went through with particular harmony. Another matter the liberals feel they can congratulate themselves on is that at last the Government has seen fit to follow the urgings of the opposition since 1914 to create a department of labor, presided over by a responsible minister whose chief concern will be to study and promote legislative and administrative action for the betterment of the conditions of the workers of the Province. The Government temporized by first creating a trades and labor branch under the department of Public Works with a superintendent at its head, then by announcing in the speech from the throne this year that the gentleman would be made a deputy minister, and finally by adopting the liberal attitude that the labor unrest industrially and shortage agriculturally called for distinct and separate consideration by a minister unhampered by other important duties.

The opposition during the past session has lived up to the traditions of that particular end of our constitution, by constructively aiding the government to pass progressive laws instead of indulging in obstruction. The present workmen's compensation legislation was initiated in the House by William Proudfoot, the present leader of the opposition, in 1910, based on the principles of the British act, modified to suit Canadian conditions. As a result of the liberal agitation the Government appointed a commission to investigate the matter, but it was not until after continued pressure from the opposition that the act was passed in 1914. The provision made this session for the payment in full of medical aid to industrial workers was a liberal plank in the election of 1914.

LIFT CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

Doesn't hurt! Lift any corn or callus off with fingers

Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

FAKE GRAIN VARIETIES

Each year many farmers are the victims of unusable agents who are selling so called new varieties Making extravagant claims, they charge a corresponding price for a supposedly new and prolific sort which is either an old variety camoflaged with a new name or else a selection whose qualities are entirely unknown. Being divisable into classes, these agents and their claims can be grouped conveniently as follows:

First, those who take a high yielding, prolific variety such as Banner or O. A. C. No. 72 Oats, give it another name and introduce it as a new variety.

Second, those who are selling a variety that has been multiplied from a peculiar plant or from extraordinary heads found in the general crop. The producer thinking it a valuable variety, offers it for sale before its qualities are known.

Third, those who are offering for sale to a few limited customers only, a wonderful variety that was produced by a secret process of selection or else has been grown from a few seeds found in the tombs of the ancient Pharaohs.

A fourth class might be made of those who sell a variety for what it is, but make extravagant claims for its yielding ability. This is well illustrated by the Alaska or seven headed wheat.

The agent in the first case is a financial shark who is obtaining money by false pretenses. He perhaps does the least harm of many because the confusion created in the nomenclature of varieties annd the money which he takes from the farmer.

In the second case the agent may be acting in the best of faith and with the conviction that his claims will be justified by the resulting crop. Perhaps they will be but the varieties are legion that have been introduced in this way and have been found worthless in comparative tests with standard varieties.

The third agent, though, is the real out and out grain fakir and should be liable to prosecution. The farmer who is deceived by his pretenses almost deserves to pay the price of his credulity.

It is the right of any person who has multiplied out a selection to sell it for what it is and charge any price he sees fit. As to these well intentioned, legitimate transactions we have nothing to say beyond warning the farmer that at the best he is likely only buying an obscurity and that exceedingly few of these amateur selections are ever of value.

What is advisable is that in every case before buying a variety that he intends to grow as a general crop, the farmer should consult the reports of his nearest Experimental station. The remedy for the actual frauds that are perpetrated are in his own hands. As long as he will buy the agents will sell, and the efforts put forth by the cereal stations of Canada for the improvement of crops will continue to be partially frustrated.

—o—

W. J. TRENOUTH, Principal. Rexall Orderlies, the ideal laxative, for old and young, 15c., 25c., and 50c. boxes at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

—o—

The Obvious Answer.

They had chummed up in hospital and were discussing the virtues of their respective wives, according to London Answers. Presently one of them explained that his wife had been a Miss Mary Wilson. "And a fine girl, too," he added enthusiastically, in praise of his absent spouse. "Miss Mary Wilson!" chuckled the other. "Oh!" "What, d'you know her then?" asked the proud husband. "I should think I did! I remember one day, when we were boating, and we came to an island where we landed. 'Now, Mary, m'dear,' I said, 'either you kiss me or we both drown!'" "And d-did you kiss her?" gasped the husband, in jealous fury. "Was she drowned?" asked the other slowly.

"Mr. Speaker."

An English election story is told of Mr. J. W. Lowther, who has filled the Speaker's chair in the British House of Commons with distinction for thirteen years. He was once canvassing for election to Parliament when he accosted a farmer one day, and adopted sweet persuasive measures to the usual end. "Vote for you? I would sooner vote for the devil."

"But supposing your friend doesn't stand," said the canvasser, suavely, "will you give me your vote in that event?"

—o—

Why buy Creamery Butter when you can get nice farmers' butter at H. W. KELLEY'S, and save about 10c. per lb. on it.

THE CRICKET

May we ask what is being done about cleaning our streets and repairing them a little? We could mention many of the most travelled streets that have not been cleaned in years, and after every shower they are ankle deep in mud. The residents along these streets pay their share of the taxes and are growing tired of remaining neglected. There are many rumblings among the clouds lately and something should be done before the storm breaks.

• • • • •

The Toronto Star reprints the following from the Calgary Herald:—"Every man and every woman should have some occupation other than their regular employment as a means of relaxation. For the purpose of relaxation athletics cannot be overlooked. All forms of clean sport, indulged in temperately, are not only desirable, but necessary to the complete health of the individual, mentally and physically. Let us have all the football, baseball, cricket, lacrosse, golf, and all other forms of innocent recreation we can sandwich in between work time and sleep time, and we shall do our regular work more efficiently and sleep better afterwards.

• • • • •

Italy seems to be quite "put out" over the peace treaty. They say they are simply "fee-uming."

• • • • •

Who'd trade a miller's cap for the Kaiser's Crown?

• • • • •

A gentleman was walking down the street with us the other day. We noticed a dress being displayed in a window with the legend, "10 per cent. off." Turning to me he said, "they must have made a mistake, it looks more like only 10 per cent. on."

• • • • •

Can anyone tell us why the price of butter is where it is? It seems queer with all those millions of pounds in cold storage.

A good many of us haven't tasted butter for some time—and it is a shame that in such a famous dairying country that some poor folks must eat margarine.

• • • • •

And may we once again ask Mr. MacGregor and his adherents how much the price of meat has fallen?

• • • • •

The bread and butter tree shows no sign of bearing double its former bearing, either.

• • • • •

We guess our motto will have to be, "eat less bread and chew the rag."

• • • • •

We wonder if those people who howl about "standard" time know that the law of Ontario says that all of Ontario east of Fort William shall have its time five hours later than that of Greenwich, England, and that at the present time the people of Greenwich are going by daylight's saving time, and our present time here is therefore in accordance with the statute, AND that makes the man who will not adopt the new time a LAW BREAKER. The laugh, then, is not on us!

• • • • •

We are glad to notice signs of animation among the sporting element. We feel sure that the old town will give its hearty support to the boys. We would also like to see Napanee win a few games of basketball from some outside teams—in fact we would all pay for the privilege.

• • • • •

We have noticed the absence from a town journal of a well-known figure. We hope he is in good health. Perhaps he will appear again.

—o—

The only music—The Aeolian Vocalian Phonograph. Come in and hear it for yourself.

M. PIZZARIELLO,
Market Square.

—o—

The World's Laziest Woman!

The world's laziest woman, according to the London Daily Express, is Mary Jane Toone, of near Market Bosworth, Leicestershire. In the courts of Market Bosworth it has been stated that she has stayed in bed for more than three years and has refused to get up, though perfectly healthy.

She had allowed her house to get into such a dirty condition that it had become a public nuisance. The Market Bosworth District Council have prosecuted her several times without obtaining an improvement. Her husband told the court that the last time he induced his wife to get up he only did so by throwing water over her."

As a last resort the police were called in and dragged her out of bed and took her to prison.

Hyphenated Occupations.

Gardening, which has for generations been a recreation for the wealthy in England, has been quiescent during the last four years, but is again looking up. An English periodical devoted to flower culture announces that it will insert advertisements from gardeners, or those who require them, without charge. Among these advertisements, curiously enough, are several which call for a man who will combine garden culture with other useful work about a "gentleman's place"—these men being called "groom-gardeners," "chauffeur-gardeners," and "cowman-gardeners."

Stainless Steel Cutlery.

The making of stainless steel cutlery, which originated in England, was suspended during the war. The result is achieved by adding about 13 per cent. of chromium.

—o—

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

—o—

Talking Machines.

Buy your talking machine where you can buy records for it. We are sole agents for the celebrated Victor records and keep a large stock on hand. See us before you buy.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
Napanee.
2-6

COULD HAVE SAVED THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

Brown Sorry He Didn't Know About Tanlac Sooner—Gains—17 Pounds.

"If I had Tanlac five years ago I could have saved not only a world of suffering but more than a thousand dollars besides," said F. W. Brown, of 132 Yorkville Ave., Toronto, Ontario, Canada, recently.

"I had a terrible case of stomach trouble," he continued, "and would bloat up with gas something awful. I would suffer with agonizing pains in my stomach and was never free from headaches. For nine months I was on a light diet, and became so weak I could hardly dress myself. I lost weight until I was little more than skin and bones and was so nervous I could hardly sleep. I took every kind of treatment and spent months in hospitals, but only got worse and was so bad off that I was given up to die.

"One day my brother-in-law suggested that I try Tanlac, and I did so, and I am feeling a thousand times better. I have already gained 17 pounds, my appetite is fine, the gas and those awful pains have disappeared and I can eat most anything without suffering afterwards."

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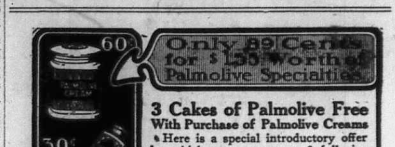

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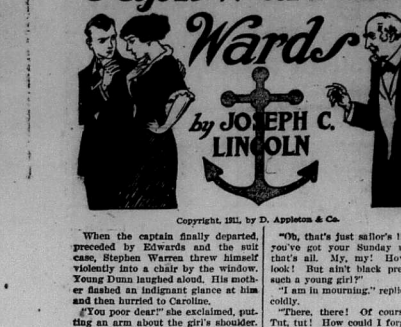
53

Cap'n Warren's Wards



by JOSEPH C. LINCOLN

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When the captain finally departed, preceded by Edwards and the suit case, Stephen Warren threw himself violently into a chair by the window. Young Dunn laughed aloud. His mother flushed an indignant glance at him and then hurried to Caroline.

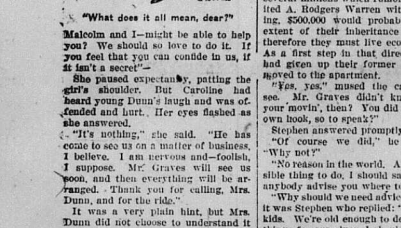
"You poor dear!" she exclaimed, putting an arm about the girl's shoulder. "Don't mind us, please don't. Malcolm and I understand—that is, we know how you feel and"—

"Oh, but you don't know, Mrs. Dunn," cried Caroline, almost in tears. "You don't understand. It's so much worse than you think. I—I— Oh, why did father do it? How could he be so inconsiderate?"

"There, there!" purred the friend of the family. "You mustn't, you know. You really mustn't. Who is this man? This uncle? Where does he come from? Why does he force himself upon you in this way? I didn't know your poor father had a brother."

"Neither did we," growled Stephen savagely. Malcolm laughed again.

"What does it all mean, dear?" begged Mrs. Dunn. "You are in trouble, I'm sure. Don't you think we—



"What does it all mean, dear?"

Malcolm and I—might be able to help you? We should so love to do it. If you feel that you can confide in us, if it isn't a secret"—

She paused expectantly, patting the girl's shoulder. But Caroline had heard young Dunn's laugh and was offended and hurt. Her eyes flashed as she answered.

"It's nothing," she said. "He has come to see us on a matter of business, I believe. I am nervous and—foolish, I suppose. Mr. Graves will see him soon, and then everything will be arranged. Thank you for calling, Mrs. Dunn, and for the ride."

It was a very plain hint, but Mrs. Dunn did not choose to understand it as such.

"You're sure you hadn't better tell me the whole story, dear?" she urged. "I am old enough almost to be your mother, and perhaps my advice might—No? Very well. You know best, but—You understand that it is something other than mere curiosity which leads me to ask."

"Of course, I understand," said the girl hastily. "Thank you very much. Perhaps by and by I can tell you everything. But we must see Mr. Graves first. I—oh, don't ask me more now, Mrs. Dunn."

The widow of so astute a politician as Mike Dunn had been in his day could have scarcely failed to profit by his teachings. Moreover, she possessed talent of her own. With a final pat and a kiss she prepared for departure.

After the pair had been shown out by Edwards, on the way home in the car Mrs. Corcoran Dunn lectured her son severely.

"Have you no common sense?" she demanded. "Couldn't you see that the girl would have told me everything if you hadn't laughed like an idiot?"

The young man laughed again.

"By Jove!" he exclaimed, "it was enough to make a wooden Indian laugh. The old jay with the barnacles telling us about the advantages of a sailor's life. And Steve's face! Ho, ho!"

His mother snorted disgust.

"Was it necessary to insult him the first time you and he exchanged a word?"

"Insult him? Him? Ha, ha! Do you imagine that a hayseed like that would recognize an insult without an introduction? You don't intend putting him on your calling list, do you?"

"I intend cultivating him for the present!"

"Cultivating him?" *

"Yes—for the present. He is Rodgers Warren's brother. That lawyer, Graves, traveled miles to see him. What does that mean? That in some important way he is connected with the estate and those two children. If the estate is worth anything, and we have reason to believe it is, you and I must know it. If it isn't, it is even more important that we should know before we waste more time. If Caroline is an heiress, if she inherits even a modest fortune"—

She shrugged her shoulders by way of finish to the sentence.

When Captain Elisha emerged from his room after a wash and change of linen he found the library untenanted. He strolled about, his hands behind him, inspecting the pictures with critical interest. Caroline, dressed for dinner, found him thus engaged. He turned at the sound of her step.

"Why, hello!" he cried, with hearty enthusiasm. "All rigged up for inspection, ain't you?"

"Inspection?"

"Oh, that's just sailor's lingo. Means you've got your Sunday uniform on, that's all. My, my! How nice you look! But ain't black pretty old for such a young girl?"

"I am in mourning," replied his niece coldly.

"There, there! Of course you are. Tut, tut! How could I forget it. You see, I've been so many years feelin' as if I didn't have a brother that I've sort of got used to his bein' gone."

"I have not." Her eyes filled as she said it. The captain was greatly moved.

"I'm a blunderin' old fool, my dear," he said. "I beg your pardon. Do try to forgive me, won't you? And, perhaps —perhaps I can make up your loss to you just a little mite. I'd like to I'll try to, if"—

He laid a hand on her shoulder. She avoided him and, moving away, seated herself in a chair at the opposite side of the desk. The avoidance was so obvious as to be almost brutal. Captain Elisha looked very grave for an instant. Then he changed the subject.

After some further conversation, during which Caroline was plainly ill at ease, dinner was announced. When the captain in his quaint way described to Caroline and Steve how he found his way in New York Caroline was bored, and Steve was almost brutal with his interjections. For the hundredth time Caroline asked Steve what had prompted her father to make the captain their guardian.

After breakfast the next morning came the "business talk." It was a brief one. Captain Elisha soon discovered that his brother's children knew very little concerning their father's affairs. They had always plenty of money, had been indulged in practically every wish and had never had to think or plan for themselves. As to the size of the estate, they knew nothing more than Mr. Graves had told them, which was that, instead of the several millions which rumor had credited A. Rodgers Warren with possessing, $500,000 would probably be the extent of their inheritance and that therefore they must live economically.

At a first step in that direction they had given up their former home and moved to the apartment.

"Yes, yes," mused the captain; "I see. Mr. Graves didn't know about your movin', then? You did it on your own look, so to speak?"

Stephen answered promptly.

"Of course we did," he declared. "Why not?"

"No reason in the world. A good, sensible thing to do, I should say. Didn't anybody advise you where to go?"

"Why should we need advice?" Again it was Stephen who replied. "We aren't kids. We're old enough to decide some things for ourselves, I should think."

"Yes; surtin. That's right. But I didn't know that a group of your old friends might have helped along. This Mrs. Dunn now, she kind of hinted to me that she'd—well, done what she could to make you comf'table."

"She has," avowed Caroline warmly. "Mrs. Dunn and Malcolm have proved their friendship in a thousand ways. We never can repay them, Stephen and I, never!"

"No. There's some things you can't ever pay, I know that. Mrs. Dunn found this nice place for you, did she?"

"Why, yes. Mrs. Dunn knew that we had decided to move, and she has a cousin who is interested in New York property. She asked him, and he mentioned this apartment."

"One of his own, was it?"

"I believe so. Why are you so particular? Don't you like it?"

"Isn't it as good as those in—what do you call it—South Denboro?" Stephen asked maliciously.

Captain Elisha laughed heartily.

"Pretty nigh as good," he said. "I didn't notice any better on the way to the depot as I drove up. What's the rent? You'll excuse my askin', things bein' as they are."

"Twenty-two hundred a year," answered his niece coldly.

The captain looked at her, whistled, broke off the whistle in the middle and did a little mental arithmetic.

"Twenty-two hundred a year!" he repeated. "That's one hundred and eighty

"Did you think it was the rent of the entire building?"

odd a month. Say, that cousin of Mrs. Dunn's must want to get his investment back. You mean for just these ten rooms?"

Stephen laughed scornfully.

"Our guardian has been counting, Caro," he remarked.

"Yes. Yes, I counted this mornin' when I got up. I was interested naturally."

"Sure! Naturally, of course," sneered the boy. "Did you think the twenty-two hundred was the rent of the entire building?"

"Well, I didn't know. I"—

"The rent," interrupted Caroline with dignity," was twenty-four hundred, out thanks to Mrs. Dunn, who explained to her cousin that we were friends of hers, it was reduced."

"We being in reduced circumstances," observed her brother in supreme disgust. "Pity the poor orphans! By gad!"

"That was real nice of Mrs. Dunn," declared Captain Elisha heartily. "About how much is she worth, do you think?"

"I don't know. I never inquired."

"No. Well, down our way," with a chuckle, "we don't have to inquire. Ask anybody you meet what his next door neighbor's worth, and he'll tell you within a hundred, and how he got it, and how much he owes, and how he gets along with his wife. Ho, ho! Speakin' of wives, is this Mr. Dunn married?"

He looked at his niece as he asked the question. There was no reason why Caroline should blush. She knew it and hated herself for doing it.

"No," she answered resentfully; "he is not."

"Um-hm. What's his business?"

"He is connected with a Produce Exchange house, I believe."

"One of the firm?"

"I don't know. In New York we are not as well posted or as curious concerning our friends' private affairs as your townspeople seem to be."

"I guess that's so. Well," he went on, rising. "I guess I've kept you young folks from your work or—or play, or whatever you was going to do, long enough for this once. I think I'll go out for a spell. I've got an errand or two I want to do. What time do you have dinner?"

"We lunch at half past 1," answered Caroline. We dine at 7."

"Oh, yes, yes! I keep forgettin' that supper's dinner. Well; I presume likely I'll be back for luncheon. If I ain't, don't wait for me. I'll be home afore supper—there I go again!—afore dinner, anyhow. Goodby."

CHAPTER V.

The Captain Makes a Friend.

FIVE minutes later he was at the street corner inquiring of a policeman "the handiest way to get to Pine street." Following the directions given, he boarded a train at the nearest subway station, emerged at Wall street, inquired once more, located the street he was looking for and, consulting a card which he took from a big stained leather pocketbook, walked on, peering at the numbers of the buildings he passed.

The offices of Sylvester, Kuhn & Graves were on the sixteenth floor of a new and gorgeously appointed skyscraper. When Captain Elisha entered the firm's reception room he was accosted by a wide awake and extremely self possessed office boy.

Informed by the none too courteous lad that none of the firm was in, he left his card, saying, that he would call later.

Captain Elisha strolled down Pine street, looking about him with interest. It had been years since he visited this locality, and the changes were many. Soon, however, he began to recognize familiar landmarks. He was approaching the water front, and there were fewer new buildings. When he reached South street he was thoroughly at home.

The docks were crowded. The river was alive with small craft of all kinds. Steamers and schooners were plenty, but the captain missed the old square riggers, the clipper ships and barks, such as he had sailed in as cabin boy, as foremast hand and later command on many voyages.

At length, however, he saw four masts towering above the roof of a freight house. They were not schooner rigged, those masts. The yards were set square across, and along with them were furled royals and upper topsails. Here at last was a craft worth looking at. Captain Elisha crossed the street, hurried past the ponderous freight houses and ran a magnificent great ship lying beside a broad, open wharf. Down the wharf he walked, joyfully, as one who greets an old friend.

The vessel was practically deserted. An ancient watchman was dozing in a sort of sentry box, but he did not wake. There was a pile of foreign looking crates and boxes farther toward the end of the pier, evidently the last bit of cargo waiting to be carted away. The captain inspected the pile, recognized the goods as Chinese and Japanese, then read the name and the big gilt letters on the stern. She was the Empress of the Ocean, and her home port was Liverpool.

The captain strolled about, looking her over. There were many improvements since his seagoing days with steam sailing. He was standing by the wheel, near the companionway, wishing that he might inspect the officers' quarters, but not liking to do so without an invitation, when two men emerged from the cabin.

One of the pair was evidently the Japanese steward of the ship. The other was a tall, clean cut young Englishman whose general appearance and lack of sunburn showed quite plainly that he was not a seafaring man by profession. He said he was a friend of one of the consignees and would be pleased to show the captain over the ship.

Captain Elisha, delighted with the opportunity, accepted his thanks, and the tour of inspection began. The steward remained on deck, but the captain and his new acquaintance strolled through the officers' quarters together.

"Jerushy!" exclaimed the former as he viewed the main cabin. "Say, you could pretty nigh have a dance here, couldn't you? A small one. This reminds me of the cabin aboard the Seagull, first vessel I went mate of—it's so diff'rent. Aboard her we had to walk sittin' down. There wa'n't room in the cabin for more'n one to stand up at a time. But she could sail, just the same, and carry it too. I've seen her off the Horn with studdin' sails set when craft twice her length and tonnage had everything furled above the tops'l yard. Hi hum! You mustn't mind an old salt runnin' on this way. I've been out of the pickle tub a good while, but I callate the brine ain't all out of my system."

His guide's eyes snapped.

"I understand," he said, laughing. "I've never been at sea on a long voyage in my life, but I can understand just how you feel. It's in my blood, I guess. I come of a sailor line. My people were from Belfast, Me., and every man of them went to sea."

"Belfast, hey? They turned out some A No. 1 sailors in Belfast. I sailed under a Cap'n Pearson from there once. James Pearson his name was."

"He was my great-uncle. I was named for him. My name is James Pearson also."

"What?" Captain Elisha was hugely delighted. "Mr. Pearson, shake hands. I want to tell you that your Uncle Jim was a seaman of the kind you dream about, but seldom meet. I was his second mate three v'yages. My name's Elisha Warren."

Mr. Pearson shook hands and laughed good humoredly.

"Glad to meet you, Captain Warren," he said. "And I'm glad you knew Uncle Sam. As a youngster he was my idol. He could spin yarns that were worth listening to."

"I bet you! He'd seen things with yarnin' about. So you ain't a sailor, hey? Livin' in New York?"

The young man nodded. "Yes," he said. Then, with a dry smile: "If you call occupying a hall bedroom and eating at a third rate boarding house table living. However, it's my own fault. I've been a newspaper man since I left college. But I threw up my job six months ago. Since then I've been free lancing."

"Have, hey?" The captain was too polite to ask further questions, but he had not the slightest idea what "free lancing" might be. Pearson divined his perplexity and explained.

"I've had a feeling," he said, 'that I might write magazine articles and stories—yes, possibly a novel or two. It's a serious disease, but the only way to find out whether it's chronic or not is to experiment. That's what I'm doing now. The thing I'm at work on may turn out to be a sea story. So I spend some time around the wharves and watch the few sailing ships in port picking up material."

Captain Elisha patted him on the back.

"Now, don't you get discouraged," he said. "I used to have an idea that novel writin' and picture paintin'-was poverty jobs for men with healthy appetites, but I've changed my mind. I reckon there's you'll believe me, I've just found out a fact that some painters get $20,000 for one picture—for one, mind you! And a little mite of a thing, too, that couldn't have cost scarcely anything to paint. Maybe novels sell for just as much. I don't know."

His companion laughed heartily. "I'm afraid not, captain," he said—"not at any rate. I should be satisfied with considerably less to begin with. Are you living here in town?"

"Well—well, I don't know. I ain't exactly livin', and I ain't exactly boardin', but, say, ain't that the doctor callin' you?"

It was the steward, and there was an anxious ring in his voice. Pearson excused himself and hurried out of the cabin. Captain Elisha lingered for a final look about. Then he followed leisurely, becoming aware as he reached the open air of loud voices in angry dialogue.

Entrances to the Empress of the Ocean's cabins were on the main deck, and also on the raised half deck at the stern, near the wheel, the binnacle and officers' chairs and bed tubs swinging in their frames. From this upper deck two flights of steps led down to the main deck below. At the top of one of these flights stood young Pearson, cool and alert. Behind him half crouched the Japanese steward, evidently very much frightened. At the foot of the steps were grouped three rough looking men, foreigners and sailors without doubt, and partially intoxicated. The three men were an ugly lot, and they were all yelling and jabbering together in a foreign lingo. As the captain emerged from the passage to the open deck he heard Pearson reply in the same language.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

Pearson answered without turning his head.

"Drunken sailors," he explained. "Part of the crew here. They've been ashore and got back in time to square a grudge they seem to have against the steward. I'm telling them they'd better give up and go ashore, if they know when they're well off."

The three fellows by the ladder's foot were consulting together. On the wharf were half a dozen loungers, collected by the prospect of a row.

"If I can hold them off for a few minutes," went on Pearson, "we'll be all right. The wharf watchman has gone for the police. Here, drop it! What are you up to?"

One of the sailors had drawn a knife. The other two reached for their belts behind, evidently intending to follow suit. From the loafers on the wharf came shouts of encouragement.

"Do the fists up, Pedro! Give him what's comin' to him."

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The trio formed for a rush. The steward, with a shrill scream, fled to the cabin. Pearson did not move. He even smiled. The next moment he was pushed to one side, and Captain Elisha stood at the top of the steps.

"Here!" he said sternly. "What's all this?"

The three sailors, astonished at this unexpected addition to their enemies' forces, hesitated. Pearson laid his hand on the captain's arm.

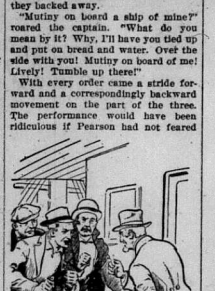
"Be careful," he said. "They're dangerous."

"Dangerous? Them? I've seen their kind afore. Here, you!" turning to the three below. "What do you mean by this? Put down that knife, you lubber! Do you want to be put in irons? Over the side with you, you swabs! Git!"

He began descending the ladder. Whether the sailors were merely too surprised to resist or because they recognized the authority of the deep sea in Captain Elisha's voice and face is a question. At any rate, as he descended they backed away.

"Mutiny on board a ship of mine?" roared the captain. "What do you mean by it? Why, I'll have you tied up and put on bread and water. Over the side with you! Mutiny on board of me! Lively! Tumble up there!"

With every order came a stride forward and a correspondingly backward movement on the part of the three. The performance would have been ridiculous if Pearson had not feared



"Mutiny on board a ship of mine?"

that it might become tragic. He was descending the steps to his new acquaintance's aid when there arose a chorus of shouts from the wharf.

"The cops, the cops! Look out!"

That was the finishing touch. The next moment the three "mutineers" were over the side and running as fast as their alcoholic condition would permit down the wharf.

"Well, by George!" exclaimed Pearson.

"Captain Elisha seemed to be coming out of a dream. He stood still, drew his hand across his forehead and then began to laugh.

"Well!" he stammered. "Well, I swum! I—I—Mr. Pearson, I wonder what on earth you must think of me. I declare the sight of that gang set me back about twenty years. They—they must have thought I was the new skipper! Did you hear me tell 'em they couldn't mutiny on board of me? Ho, ho! Well, I'm an old idiot!"

Pearson stuck his fist into the palm of his other hand.

"I've got it!" he cried. "I knew your name was familiar. Why, you're the mate that handled the mutinous crew aboard Uncle Jim's bark, the Pacer, off Mauritius, in the typhoon, when he was hurt and died. I've heard him tell it a dozen times. Well, this is a lucky day for me!"

Captain Elisha was evidently pleased. "So he told you that, did he?" he began. "That was a time and a half, I"—

The captain started, hastily pulled out his watch and looked at it.

"Quarter to 1!" he cried. "And I said I'd be back at that lawyer's office at half past 12. No, no, Mr. Pearson, I can't go to lunch with you, but I do wish you'd come and see me some time. My address for—for a while, anyhow, is Central Park West," giving the number, "and the name is Warren, same as mine. Will you come some evenin'? I'd be tickled to death to see you."

The young man was evidently delighted.

"Will I?" he exclaimed. "Indeed I will. I warn you, Captain Warren, that I shall probably keep you busy spinning sea yarns."

"Nothin' I like better, though I'm afraid my yarns'll be pretty dull alongside of your Uncle Jim's."

"Good! Good-by and good luck. I shall see you very soon."

"That's right, do. So long."

CHAPTER VI.

"I Think I May Take the Job."

THE boy, Captain Elisha's acquaintance of the morning, was out reeling himself with crullers and milk at a pushcart on Broad street when the captain returned to the offices of Sylvester, Kuhn & Graves. The clerk who had taken his place was very respectful.

"Captain Warren," he said, "Mr. Sylvester is at the Central club. He wished me to ask if you could conveniently join him there."

Captain Elisha pondered. "Why, yes," he replied slowly, "I s'pose I could. I don't know why I couldn't. Where is the club, and which of his?"

"On Fifth avenue, near Fifty-second street. I'll send one of our boys with you if you like."

"Oh, no. I can pilot myself, I guess. I ain't so old I can't ask my way."

The captain found the Central club, a ponderous institution occupying a becomingly gorgeous building on Fifth avenue. Mr. Sylvester was expecting him, and they dined in the club restaurant.

"Now, Captain Warren, just how much do you know about your late brother's affairs?" asked Mr. Sylvester at the conclusion of the meal.

"Except what Mr. Graves told me, nothin' of importance. And, afore we go any further, let me ask a question. Do you know why Bije made me his executor and guardian and all the rest of it?"

"I do not. Graves drew his will, and so, of course, we knew of your existence and your appointment. Your brother forbade our mentioning it, but we did not know until after his death that his own children were unaware they had an uncle. It seems strange, doesn't it?"

"It does to me; so strange that I can't see two lengths ahead. I callate Mr. Graves told you how I felt about it?"

"Yes. That is, he said you were very much surprised."

"That's puttin' it mild enough. And did he tell you that Bije and I hadn't seen each other, or even written, in eighteen years?"

"Yes."

"I'm-hm. Well, when you consider that can you wonder I was set all aback? And the more I think of it the foggier it gets. Why, Mr. Sylvester, it's one of them situations that are impossible, that you can prove fifty ways can't happen. And yet, it has—it sartinly has. Now tell me: Are you or your firm well acquainted with my brother's affairs?"

"Not well, no. The late Mr. Warren was a close mouthed man, rather secretive, in fact. Have you questioned the children?"

"Caroline and Steve? Yes, I've questioned 'em more than they think I have, maybe. And they know—well, leavin' out about the price of oil paintin's and the way to dress and that it's more or less of a disgrace to economize on twenty thousand a year, their worldly knowledge ain't too extensive."

"Do you like them?"

"I guess so. Just now ain't the fairest time to judge 'em. You see, they're sufferin' from the joyful shock of their country relation droppin' in, and"—

He paused and rubbed his chin. His lips were smiling, but his eyes were not. Sylvester noted their expression and guessed many things.

"They haven't been disagreeable, I hope?" he asked.

"No-o. No, I wouldn't want to say that. They're young and—and, well, I ain't the kind they've been used to. Caroline's a nice girl. She is, sure. All she needs is to grow a little older and have the right kind of advice and —and friends."

"How about the boy?" Mr. Sylvester had met young Warren, and his eyes twinkled as he spoke.

"Steve? Well"—there was an answering twinkle in Captain Elisha's eye—"well, Steve needs to grow, too, though I wouldn't presume to tell him so. When a feller's undertakin' to give advice to one of the seven wise men he has to be diplomatic, as you might say."

The lawyer put back his head and laughed uproariously.

"Ha, ha!" he crowed. "That's good! Then, from your questioning of the children, you've learned?"—

"Not such an awful lot. I think I've learned that—hum! that a good guardian might be a handy thing to have in the house. A reg'lar legal guardian, I mean. Otherwise"—

"Otherwise?"

"Otherwise there might be too many interested volunteer substitutes for the job. Maybe I'm wrong, but I doubt it."

"Have you made up your mind to be that guardian?"

"Not yet. I haven't made up my mind to anything yet. Now, Mr. Sylvester, while we're waitin' for what comes next—you've ordered enough grub to victual a ship—s'pose you just run over what your firm knows about Bije—that is, if I ain't askin' too much."

"Not at all. That's what I'm here for. You have a right to know. But I

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"Not at all. That's what I'm here for. You have a right to know. But I warn you my information isn't worth much."

He went on briefly and with the conciseness of the legal mind to tell of A. Rodgers Warren, his business and his estate. He had been a broker with a seat on the Stock Exchange.

"That seat is worth considerable, ain't it?" interrupted the captain.

"Between eighty and one hundred thousand dollars."

"Yup. Well, it reminds me of a picture I saw once in one of the comic papers. An old feller from the backwoods somewhere—good deal like me he was and just about as green—was pictured standin' along with his city nephew in the gallery of the exchange. And the nephew says, 'Uncle,' says he, 'if somebody should offer you a seat down there's wuth $75,000?' 'Gosh,' says the old man, 'no wonder most of 'em are standin' up.' Ho, ho! Is that seat of Bije's part of the $500,000 you figger he's left?"

"Yes; in a way it is. To be truthful, Captain Warren, we're not sure as to the amount of your brother's tangible assets. Graves made a hasty examination of the stocks, bonds and memoranda and estimated the total, that's all."

"I see. Well, heave ahead."

"What we propose, provided you decide to accept the trust, the executorship and the rest, is to get together—you and Graves if he is well enough, you and I if he is not—and begin a careful examination of the stocks, bonds, assets and debts of the estate. This must be done first of all."

"Guess that's right. I don't any debts to amount to anything."

(To be continued)

Beneath the Flowers.

That was a beautiful and moving conception of Sir John Fraser's spoken at the 'Pilgrims' luncheon to the burial lands of the dead in France should be made gardens of flowers.

In his eloquent words:

"I would like to see—and I do see sometimes in my vision—the flowers of America growing over where lie so many of your gallant sons.

"I know there will be mighty stretches of fleur-de-lis marking the sleeping place of 1,500,000 brave Frenchmen. I would like to see the blooms of Belgium nodding over the graves where brave Belgians sleep, and I know that out there I would like to see a mighty avenue of maple trees, all glorious with their crimson and with their gold, telling the place where the Canadians rest, and there will be mighty masses of the wonderful Australian wattle showing where the Australians are sleeping; yes, and I know that out there will be roses everywhere, the white rose, the red rose, the roses of Old England, of Lancaster and of York, telling where 500,000 brave Scottish soldiers lie; that is the vision that comes to me."

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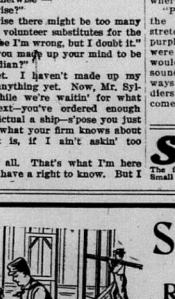

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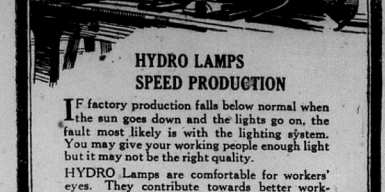

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FOR THE BREEDING PEN

SELECTION OF BIRDS MUST BE MADE CAREFULLY.

Vigorous, Well Grown Young Fowls of Either Sex Are Needed—Some Account of the External Marks, and How to Identify the Hens That Lay When Trap Nests Are Not Used.

It is time that preparations were under way for the breeding season. The male bird or birds that are to be used for breeding should have been selected before this, and be in prime condition. Great care ought to be exercised in the selection of the male. He is more than half the flock. He alone may mean success or failure. It is also important to use only the best females. Do not breed from the whole flock. Take those only from which good type and vigorous chicks may be expected.

Vigorous, well-grown cockerels, the sons of high-producing females, should be used, as they are more reliable as breeders than aged cocks. This does not mean that cock birds should not be used. They should, but only those cock birds that have shown their vigor and ability to produce strong, high-producing stock.

These males should be mated not to the whole flock, but to selected hens, and to strong, well-grown pullets that have shown by their winter's performance that they have the high-laying character.

When the pullets are put into their winter quarters in the fall close tab should be kept on them, and note made of those that start to lay early and are persistent in production. If trap-nests are used, select those birds that make the largest records, provided they are suitable in other respects, that is, if they conform to the requirements of the breed.

If trap-nests are not used, dependence will have to be placed on external indications of production for selection.

When a pullet of a yellow-skinned variety, such as the Leghorn, Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte or Rhode Island Red starts to lay, her legs and beak will be rich-colored as a result of her activity. As laying progresses she uses up the surplus fat in the body, and the various parts begin to fade. These changes take place in the following order. The vent rapidly fades, so that a pale vent indicates that the bird is laying. The eye-ring, that is the inner edges of the eyelids, bleach out a trifle more slowly than the vent. The ear-lobes of Leghorns and similar white-lobed birds bleach out a little more slowly than the eye-ring, so that a bleached ear-lobe means a little longer or greater production than a bleached vent or eyelid.

The next change is in the beak. Beginning at the base the color gradually disappears until it finally leaves the front part of the upper beak. A bleached beak means heavy production for at least the past four to six weeks. The shanks are the slowest to bleach out so that bleached shanks may be taken as an indication that the bird has been laying for a considerable time.

In the absence of trap-nests, therefore, select those females of suitable type that show by their faded shanks that they have been producing heavily during the winter season. If these birds are in laying condition, the vent will be large and moist, the abdomen dilated so that the pelvic arches will be well spread and the keel forced down away from the pelvic arch so as to give capacity. The abdomen will be soft and pliable.

The hens that will have been reserved for breeders will be either those that have good trap-nest records or that were selected in the fall by appearance. These will have been vigorous, alert, active birds that have been late in moulting, that have bleached out shanks and that show the various characteristics previously mentioned.

The number of females to allow to a male depend on the conditions under which they are kept. In breeds of the general-purpose type, such as Rocks or Wyandottes, in confinement, eight to 12 females will be enough, and Leghorns 12 to 15 females for each male. On free range, the number may be increased 15 to 25 for the heavier breeds and 20 to 30 for the Leghorns.

Be sure to supply an abundance of green food and make pullets exercise freely for their scratch grains. Do not feed over-stimulating feeds. See that with the good feed there are fresh air, lots of sunshine and sanitary conditions.

Trees as Fence Posts.

Plant trees along the line of permanent wire fences in the spring when the posts now in the ground rot out. Trees cannot be grown in a day. But if a farmer can look a little beyond the present and resolve to make an improvement that will benefit not only himself, but his descendants, he can hardly do a wiser thing than plant hardy, quick-growing trees along his fence lines. By planting Manitoba and Russian poplar alternately the Manitoba variety will come into use early, and the more valuable but slower-growing tree, can be made to serve later on.

Cobwebs.

Sweep down the cobwebs which have gathered in the cow-shed and stable during the winter, and then give a coating of whitewash, to which has been added a little crude carbolic or other disinfectant. Whitewash makes the interior light, clean and healthy.

Vegetable Oil In Japan.

The vegetable oil mills in Kobe, Japan, have producing capacities varying from 10,000 to 360,000 gallons a month.

The London County Council has offered 250 trade scholarships for boys between the ages of 12 and 16.

Rape.

Rape responds with great liberality to farmyard manure, especially where this is supplemented by phosphate of lime in one of its popular forms and a nitrogenous fertiliser. Like all plants with abundant foliage, it fully appreciates the last named.

Dairying In P.E.I.

At a convention of the Prince Edward Island Dairy Association, Rev. Dr. Gauthier, president, recommended the establishment of a large central creamery, and the making of dairying an all-year proposition.

HOT-BEDS AND COLD FRAMES.

Much Earlier Use of Spring Vegetables Possible.

A hot-bed is desirable wherever vegetables or flowers are grown in Canada. It is a means by which plants are grown through their earlier stages in a suitable temperature in order to shorten the time of reaching condition for use or of coming into flower. It is the early vegetables which are the most profitable and most appreciated. Furthermore, with a hotbed it is possible to mature certain vegetables in parts of Canada where, if started in the open, they would not ripen before being killed by frost. Again, with a hotbed it is possible to mature a large crop when without one the crop would be very small. Certain vegetables also, even if not subjected to actual frost, will not grow if the soil and air are cold, hence much better if soil is warm soil and warm air such as is afforded by a hotbed, and the plants grown there are not set out in the open until warm weather.

Such crops as radish, lettuce, spinach, carrots and other vegetables which will reach marketable size in a relatively short season and are easily handled while the weather is still cool in early spring, reach the stage when they are ready for use much sooner when kept in the hotbed or cold frame than if one had to wait until the seed were planted in the open and the plants developed there. There is usually greater danger from keeping the hotbed too hot for these particular vegetables than from its being too cool. Cauliflower also can be grown to maturity in hotbeds, and in places where it is difficult, owing to summer frosts or cool weather, to grow cucumbers and melons, a few plants in a hotbed will provide a fair supply for the family.

In making a hotbed the conservation of the heat in it is one of the chief considerations, and to assist in this the hotbed should be in a protected place, preferably on the south side of a building, wall or close board fence where the cold winds will be broken and all the sunshine possible be obtained. The manure used should be hot when it is put in, and it should be kept hot by thoroughly banking the outside frame with manure to prevent the cold getting in and the heat getting out. It is easier to conserve heat in a bed that is low than one that is built high up.

Cold frames are much like hotbeds in outward appearance, but no manure is put inside, as cold frames are used later in the spring than the hotbeds and less heat is needed, there being sufficient from the sun shining through the glass, and the glass and frame usually afford sufficient protection from light frosts at night, should there be such.

Details in regards to making hotbeds will be found in a pamphlet which can be obtained free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

New Zealand Record-Broken.

The New Zealand record for junior two-year-olds of the Friesian breed has been broken by Lady Pauline with a production at two years one hundred and sixty-eight days of 18,137.1 lbs. milk, and 603.85 lbs. fat. She is of New Zealand breeding, being sired by a son of Cliffside Laddie, a bull of considerable local reputation. She is owned by James Hart, of Raumati, New Zealand.

Stir the Soil Frequently.

He that most frequently stirs his soil, especially in times of drouth, reaps, other things being equal, more abundant harvest than if tillage were neglected.

FILL SILO CAREFULLY.

Cut Corn When Kernels Have Passed Milk Stage.

Cut corn for silage when the kernels have passed the milk stage and are beginning to dent. At this period the greatest amount of food material can be obtained and the best quality of silage made.

The cutter should be adjusted to cut the corn in short lengths, with three-fourths of an inch as the maximum length. In general, the shorter the fodder is cut the more easily and more compactly it can be packed and, in consequence, the better the quality of the silage.

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the necessity of thoroughly packing the fodder in the silo so as to exclude the air as much as possible. It is upon this one thing that the keeping of silage largely depends.

Cutting Fodder for Silo.

A device consisting of a jointed pipe, or some variation of it, attached to the top of the blower pipe is at present in use for distributing the cut corn fodder in the silo. By the use of this distributor it is possible at the same time to scatter the cut corn evenly and at the same time tramp it. Without the use of this device it is necessary to have at least one extra man in the silo to fork the material over so that it is evenly packed. Besides the saving of one man's labor, the distributor does away with the nuisance of having the loose material flying around, thus annoying the man in the silo, and also lessens the danger of being struck by some foreign object that may have passed through the blower.

Oftentimes the corn fodder is so dry when it is cut that it is necessary to add water to make up for the deficiency in moisture and provide for the proper packing of the silo. This water is most easily added by the blower when the corn is being cut, and it is also more thoroughly mixed with the cut material in this way.

For the top layer of the silo it is good practice to use heavy green stalks from which the ears have been removed. This forms a heavy layer that packs well and at the same time contains a smaller amount of food materias so that the minimum loss is sustained if it spoils. Various methods and materials have been used for covering the top of the silage to prevent its spoiling. None has given complete satisfaction; but the one mentioned above has given as good results as any, especially when the top layer was thoroughly wet down and packed firmly by tramping. The best practice is to commence feeding as soon as the silo is filled, in which case there will be no loss of silage through decay.

Big Sheep Sale at Edmonton.

As a result of the big sheep sale held by Oriedge & Karson at the Edmonton Stock Yards, nearly $32,000 was realized. This included the sale of about 2,300 head, of which 1,956 were brought up from the ranch of the late Chas. Blacklocks of Pincher Creek, and which in themselves realized $25,447.75. Another lot of Oxford ewes was put into the sale by Lee Williams, and about 200 others, mostly Oxfords, were sold by Auctioneer Florence for Wonnacott & Spence. Another good lot of 164 ewes were given to the auctioneer by Murphy & Turner of Wetaskiwin, but, as they were not bid above $13.60, the owner took them out of the ring, selling them afterwards to J. A. Charlesworth of Bashaw for $19 each.

Afforestation In South Africa.

In the South African Commonwealth some years ago the railways, in order to provide against future needs, embarked upon an afforestation scheme which is being gradually expanded. The administration's plantations cover an area of 55,504 acres, of which 23,532 acres have been planted. The plantations have been in existence for from six to sixteen years. Some of them are already yielding marketable timber from thinnings, etc., which produce a considerable revenue.

Co-operative Horse Sales.

With a view of finding a profitable home market for the surplus of farm horses which exists in certain sections of the province, the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture is planning to hold a series of co-operative horse sales under the auspices of the agricultural societies throughout the older settled parts of the province.

English Hackneys for Japan.

Representatives of the Italian and Japanese Governments have purchased 46 Hackney stallions in England since the beginning of the snapping up of the short-legged, cobby-built ones suitable for getting combination cavalry and field artillery horses.

Hog Cholera In Alberta.

Calgary and surrounding district experienced another serious outbreak of hog cholera recently, and interested parties were naturally much concerned as to the ultimate results. As usual, the outbreak centred in hog-feeding plants near the city.

Stallion Sale at Glasgow.

At a sale of Dunure Main's Clyde stallions at Glasgow, Dunure Independence sold for £4,900. The average of 14 stallions and colts was £1,564 2s 6d, approximately $7,820, the total sum realised being £21,897

Through the Looking Glass

BY EVELYN NESBIT

Why does the farmer no longer dig up his fields with a spade? Why does the builder no longer make his own bricks of straw? Why don't we walk from New York to Washington?

Why? Because we have improved. Men are too clever to waste their time and energy, making pins by hand or splitting rails with an axe the way Abraham Lincoln did. Labor saving machinery has been devised to free men's energies for better things. The men who used to pound out nails with a hammer, and turn out one nail in five minutes, are tending machines that produce thousands of nails in the time they could make one nail by hand.

So it is with everything in industry. That is why the modern farmer can cultivate thousands of acres of land in the time he used to spend on his tiny back yard; why the builder can construct skyscrapers instead of little bungalows, and why we travel from New York to Washington in speeding express trains.

That is why the women of today are learning, and thinking.

Labor-saving machinery has crept into the home to make possible for every woman leisure hours in which to read and study. Any woman who does not avail herself of the new devices is as foolish as the carpenter would be to cut down trees and saw them by hand into boards before he set to work to build a cottage.

Put a fireless cooker into your kitchen. Make use of electricity the way men do in industry, and see how much more you will be able to accomplish with less effort. Get vacuum cleaners to save your backs. Get an electric washing machine to save your hands for piano playing. Stop kneading dough and get a bread mixer. Electric irons, power sewing machines, were not invented as a luxury. They are here to help women. Use them. Be as progressive as the blacksmiths and the pin makers.

FINISHING OFF THE EDGES

Machine Zigzag Stitching, Battlement Effect, Ruffling or Plaiting, Add to the Decoration.

The edges of things, or rather the way those edges are finished, make such a difference. This is particularly true of handies. Even when you stop to consider how little real time and trouble it takes to add a row of broken stitches in groups of three, as compared with the charming effectiveness of the finished garment, the wonder of it is that more attention isn't given to the "edges."

Here are but a few of the lovely things that can do duty as decoration, as well as finish: Machine hemstitched, worked zigzag, hemstitching in battlement effect, ruffling or plaiting of net in white or color, easy stitches, and tinted laces.

It is an easy matter to pencil off an irregular line for the hemstitcher to follow; and that is perhaps the very easiest finish of all. But the tinted lace and net idea is quite the newest and most effective. Both are seen usually done in tiny, tiny plaits.

Among the easy stitches which are always effective and pretty nearly always within the vogue, come French knots worked in groups of three, alternating short and long blanket stitch, long horizontal stitches interspersed with squares or dots worked solid, and the aforementioned straight stitches worked in threes. These are especially decorative done on the slant, the stitches graduating or alternating in length.

ADVANCED SPRING STRAW HAT

This model, a winsome design, is of navy blue pineapple straw, and is cherry trimmed.

New Touches in Embroidery.

The newest thing in children's dresses are those trimmed in hand embroidery, often in some figure or picture such as a flower pot or the popular Nanette and Rintintin.

Protect Lace.

Many of the black gowns are of lace—and sometimes black chantilly is mounted over white satin. This is very distinguished when the lace is new, but chantilly which is an heirloom should never be put over white or any light tint. The old, if rare, lace tears easily, and any mending of the fabric, however delicately done, shows up unpleasantly against the light lining. It is always best to mount valuable old laces over a "drop" of tulle or to veil the lace frock with tulle if the lace be done without spoiling the design and the lines.

HOW TO KEEP WELL

BY JOHN W. S. McCULLOUGH, M.D., D.P.H., CHIEF OFFICER OF THE PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

THE EYE.

THE HUMAN EYE is a wonderful instrument, but under the trying conditions of modern life it often fails to meet the demands put upon it, and serious trouble of all sorts results because we do not help out by getting glasses to supply Nature's defects.

Particularly at the time when children begin their school life, the new and difficult uses made of the eye often bring on eye strain and a host of resultant disorders.

The signs of beginning eye strain may vary in different cases. At first only a slight fatigue may be noticed after reading or sewing. The eyes may water easily or the eyelids may become bloodshot or the eyelids red. Some persons whose eyes are overtaxed show it by nervousness and others by drowsiness after the eyes have been used. Headaches of all sorts and even attacks of vertigo may be merely the symptoms of eye trouble.

DO YOU NEED GLASSES

The eye has a remarkable power, called the power of accommodation. When you look from a distant object to one nearby you notice that it takes a few seconds to focus the eye so that you can see it clearly. Little muscles are contracting and changing the shape of the eye to adjust it to the different distances somewhat as you change the focus of a camera according to the nearness of the object to be photographed. If the eye is abnormal in any respect these muscles have to work too hard, and, even though we may by this unconscious effort be able to see clearly, yet the strain is present. In such case we are seeing by a constant effort, while if glasses were provided to correct the defect of vision they would do this work and save us the strain.

A careful and thorough examination of the eyes should be made by a competent person. Many a miserable hour would be saved if this were done in time.

Because of defective eyesight a child may be dull, fretful, and backward in school, without anyone guessing the reason. An examination of the eyes reveals serious defects; these are corrected by proper glasses, and the effect is most marked. The child appears happier, makes good progress in his studies, and takes his rightful place in the school community.

Glasses or no glasses, there are some things that cannot be done with the eyes except at grave peril. Too little light strains the eyes, and so does too much. A direct glare right in front or behind is a room that is too dim to see properly. For reading, sewing, or other work which requires close and accurate vision the light should be clear and steady and should come from above and behind.

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EARACHE

Earache is a common and distressing trouble in young children. It often occurs in connection with winter colds and in the course of measles and scarlet fever; it is due to an infection of the middle ear, the poisonous germs being carried from the throat up the little passage called the Eustachian tube to the middle portion of the ear just inside the ear-drum. In other cases it occurs in children who have adenoids and large tonsils. In cases of earache which are severe and which may easily be neglected because the mother may not know the danger, the ear-drum may burst from the pressure of muco-pus inside it and the child is left with a running ear. This is often difficult to cure. In other cases the infection may spread to the cells of the honeycomb of bone in the mastoid bone behind the ear and necessitate an operation. These bad results may frequently be prevented by a timely puncture of the drum, which at once gives relief and soon clears up the case. In an earache of any severity or where the pain lasts over a day or so, always call in a competent physician or an ear specialist, and give your child the best chance possible. In mild cases relief may be given by putting a few drops of warm olive oil in the ear and a hot water bottle outside.

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2.—Responsibility for Disinfection. J.D., Smith's Falls.

Q.—Who pays the expenses of disinfection after a case of contagious disease?

A.—This question is answered by Sections 29 and 62 of the Public Health Act.

TO SAVE MATERIAL

Negligee May Easily Be Made From Remnants.

Discarded Evening Gowns Also Offer Excellent Materials for the Fashioning of Such Garments.

What a few yards of material picked up at a very low figure on a remnant counter can be turned into a charming gown for home wear there seems to be no excuse for a woman disregarding the feelings of her own family by wearing something that is upbecoming, half worn or soiled. It is so easy for a woman to express her real individuality in these items of in-time apparel that the temptation to possess a number of them is strong with the average really feminine type of woman.

A couple of widths of rich brocade may be transformed into a lovely gown by the simple process of cutting an opening in the center so that the head may be slipped through, fashioning this neatly, of course; catching the material together underneath the arms and allowing the front and back panels thus formed to flare as they will over a slip of soft chiffon or lace. Or two or three widths of chiffon in contrasting colors may be laid one over the other, the underneath section being full-figure length, the next one a trifle shorter, and so on, and figured silk voile may be used for the contee.

Discarded evening dresses often offer excellent materials for the fashioning of negligee garments and, regardless of the fact that we are no longer at war, fabric saving is advisable. There is no prospect of an immediate reduction in prices, and until France and Belgium are again able to produce textiles it is not likely that either prices or supply will return to normal.

Negligee of Satin and Lace.

possibly a lace scarf topping the whole. A charming robe d'interior is the result.

The sketch shows a simple and graceful negligee made of lavender satin, with front and back panels laid in large tucks. An old-fashioned lace shawl draped about the shoulders completes the garment. Of course it is not essential that a shawl be used, and, instead of lace, a brocade or a

FASHIONS IN BRIEF.

The new fur coats are circular.

Cord belts of gold are being worn.

Evening wraps still blouse at the back.

The oval necks appear on tiny girls' party frocks.

A graceful negligee of peach blossom satin has an odd silk-tasseled hood.

A gown of mauve tulle is ornamented by a large orange rose at the girdle.

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A perfect gown for a woman in the thirties is of gold cloth, veiled with black net.

Black tulle is often worn over gold lace, making a simple but excellent evening gown.

The long-waisted bodice of black jet starts many a frock of black velvet on its happy way.

A most beautiful cape is of sapphire-blue satin banded deeply with old-blue broadcloth.

Handkerchief linen frocks for morning wear in the South have nothing but hemstitching for decoration.

A traveling costume of green velours has a shawl collar of monkey fur and a silver-buckled leather belt.

A Little Advice From a Buyer.

Here is what experience has taught one buyer of coats and suits and dresses: First, get that which is becoming, for the really becoming frock is never out of style. At least, there are always occasions when the becoming garment can be worn, whether or not it is this season's or last year's. Seek the color that is most favorable to you, and avoid the one that is not especially so, no matter how smart you may think it appears. Then, in general, if you really must, get the odd and unusual garment.

To Assist In Reforesting France.

Norway intends to help out the restoration of the devastated part of France, in the front zone, by planting a belt of Norwegian forest trees. Much enthusiasm has developed for the scheme, and it is intended to begin this spring. It comprises the planting of 250 acres annually for five years, and the money is streaming into Consul Helberg at Christiania. The idea is to send a forestry party of about fifty Norwegians, fully equipped with trees, tools, tents and stores, so as not to impose the slightest burden on France. The tentative zone for planting the belt of trees is from Ardennes toward the Belgian frontier, behind Arras, where there formerly was fine forest; but action will be taken in accordance with the desires of the French.—Canada Lumberman.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Gray Hair and Hay's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair-dressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

n-27

This Week

Pure Cane Syrup—in bulk, bring your pails.

Purina Chick Feed—saves little chicks.

Purina Chicken Chowder—makes hens lay.

A large stock of New Garden Seeds in bulk.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

FOR THE RETURNED SOLDIER

We have placed in stock the special

Waltham and Elgin Watch

adapted to the returned soldier who goes back to civilian life—these watches we find are most appreciated by the returned men—of course they are fully guaranteed and suitably engraved.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Reliable Rubber Boots

For Trapping and General Use.

Men's Monarch Brand - **$6.50**
Men's Redman Tuff Foot **$5.00**
Men's Pilgrim Heavy Boot **$5.00**

Men's Hip Rubber Boots and Storm King in Monarch and Redman Tuff Foot.

WEISS BROS.

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE, and TRENTON.

LOOK THEM OVER CAREFULLY

and see if you can find anything more perfect than our shoe repairing. Every stitch even, soles and heels just like those on shoes that have never been worn. Once you test our handiwork you'll realize how needless it is to buy new shoes so often. Our repair work doubles the durability of footwear.

For Men's Boys' and Little Gents' solid leather boots, the Peterborough Boots have all others beat. These boots have have stood the test and are second to none. Call and see them for yourself. The quality and prices will surprise you.

We also stock a few lines of Men's fine boots.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

SPECIAL !
FOR SATURDAY

Extra Fine
Western Beef and Veal.

Specially Nice
Hams and Bacon

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.
Successors to The Beverly McDonald Co.

White Ivory toilet articles, the newest goods at prices less than you would pay elsewhere.
M. PIZZARIELLO,
Market Square.

Invest Victory Bond Interest in War Savings Stamps.

Fred Wilson shipped last week five cars of hogs and calves to Montreal and Toronto markets.

Ask for Muresco, the most satisfactory of all wall preparations. All colors at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

The Provincial Department of Game and Fisheries have appointed County Constable George Greer to the position of Deputy Game Warden for the Province of Ontario.

Chief Barrett was in Kingston on Sunday and interviewed the six boys held in Kingston gaol on a charge of theft. He could not identify the lads as those connected in the Napanee robberies.

Monday at 8 p. m., Grace Church, Rev. J. K. Smith, missionary representing Napanee District, in the Ruthenian work in our own West, will speak concerning his work. All are invited, especially young people.

A shipment of liquor intended for use in Desoronto was seized at the Napanee station on Tuesday, but the people in charge of the shipment eluded the inspector and got away. Twenty gallons of liquor, in five suit cases, remain in the hands of Inspector Exley.

The members of Argyll Lodge No. 212, and Napanee Lodge No. 86, I.O.O.F., attended divine service in a body in St. Mary Magdalene church on Sunday morning, marking the 100th anniversary of the founding of the order in America. Rev. J. H. H. Coleman delivered a splendid address to the brethren.

New Dry Goods Store opened in the Blewitt block, next door to the Dominion Bank, John street. Our stock includes Womens' and Mens Ready-to-wear, Boots and Shoes, Gloves, Hats, etc. Our motto is small profits and quick sales. A call solicited.

FORD'S, Blewitt Block,
18 dp. Napanee.

Wednesday of last week a most distressing accident happened at Robin when Mr. Percy Hartell had his left hand severed at the wrist. He was working at Mr. Amos. Deshane's mill, cutting shingles, when he accidently fell against the saw with the above result. Much sorrow is expresed for Mr. Hartin in this unfortunate accident.

Residents of Napanee were shocked on Monday morning to learn that Mrs. Rose, widow of the late W. A. Rose, had passed away very suddenly on Sunday evening after but twenty-four hours illness of pneumonia. Mrs. Rose had just returned a few days previously from spending the winter in St. Catherines and was preparing to go to England on June 7th to visit her daughter, Mrs. Sale. Deceased leaves two daughters, Mrs. J. C. Wilson, of Belleville; and Mrs. Sale in England. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon to Riverside cemetery.

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RED CROSS SOCIETY

The following shipment has been sent to the General Hospital, Kingston, 53 sets pyjamas, 366 towels, 225 hospital handkerchiefs, 82 property bags, 8 stretcher caps, 4 pillow slips, 9 pairs hospital boots, 6 hospital shirts.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee will be held in the council chamber on Saturday, May 3rd, at 2.30. A full attendance is requested as there is important business to be transacted.

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Big Victory Bond Interest Payment on May Day.

May 1st day will see $18,000,000 paid in interest to the holders of Victory Bonds issued in 1918. This will be by far the largest single interest payment ever made in Canada. Incidentally, it is only one of many, for Canadians will draw over $70,000,000 in war bonds interest this year.

The question arises, how much of this money will be saved? Will the over 1,000,000 holders of Victory Bonds in the Dominion become systematic savers, thus helping themselves and the country, or will they discontinue saving?

A large portion of this $18,000,000 should be invested in War Savings Stamps, which are Government bonds and just as secure as Victory Bonds are. Victory Bonds started thousands of people saving, who should continue the practice, which is made easy through War Savings and thrift stamps.

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Daly's Tea and Coffee for sale at WALLACE'S.

Government Tested Seed Corn !

The Dominion Department of Agriculture have on hand a few hundred bushels of

EARLY LEAMING ENSILAGE SEED CORN

A shipment has arrived at Napanee and will be supplied to farmers and Clubs as long as the supply lasts. This Corn is government tested and guaranteed to germinate 90 per cent., some tests going to 96 per cent.

The Corn is shelled in bags containing 2 bushels.

Price, $3.00 per bushel, f.o.b. Napanee.

Apply to

G. B. CURRAN,
Napanee.

24-c

Hear Harold Barrett, baritone, of Belleville, at the lecture in the armouries, Monday evening, April 28th, 8 p.m.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Pringle returned from California last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss Juanita Thompson spent the holidays with her parents in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Lund, of Morven, announce the engagement of their youngest daughter, Evelyn, to Mr. Archibald Closes, of Violet, the wedding to take place early in May.

Miss Piggott, Downeyville, is the guest of Mrs. G. M. Exley.

Mrs. J. A. English, Edmonton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Scott.

Mrs. A. F. Holmes is visiting her son, Mr. A. F. Holmes in Toronto.

Mrs. W. W. Treleavin, Toronto, spent last week the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Vine.

Mr. C. N. Lucas, Selby, has returned from spending the winter in California.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington entertained Rev. Father O'Connor and Capt. Rev. J. Nicholson at dinner on Tuesday evening.

Rev. Capt. McGillivary, lately returned from overseas, is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. J. Jewell.

Miss Constance Nesbitt is one of the nurses of the graduating class at Kingston General Hospital.

Mr. W. G. Paul was in Montreal a few days this week.

Mr. Robert Milling left on Monday for Indian Head, Sask.

Mrs. F. W. Laughlin entertained a few of the returned boys last Thursday evening—cards.

Miss Helen Hill and Miss Reada McGowan, Belleville, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Symington, John street.

Mrs. Rev. A. L. Howard, Manotick, Ont., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Maybee.

Miss Carolyn Perry was home from Smiths Falls for the week-end.

Mr. Chas. Rendell, of Covert, Mich., is visiting relatives and friends in this county for a few weeks.

Mr. Fenwick Solmes was home from Toronto to spend Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Solmes.

Mr. Chas. Bland, a former employee of this office, who has been recently released from Military service, was renewing acquaintances in Napanee a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Shephard, Montreal, spent the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Solmes.

Mrs. Emma Asselstine, Bath, left on Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Sharpe, Munston, Alta.

Mr. Frank Brown, of Toronto, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Alex. Brown.

Miss Carman Mills has returned from spending a few weeks in Toronto.

Mrs. Bowerman and Mrs. McGee, Toronto, are spending the week with Mrs. W. R. Lott.

Mr. Perry Laidley motored to Odessa on Wednesday evening.

Pte. Wm. E. Richardson returned from overseas this week.

Miss Hazel Leonard is home from Winnipeg, Man., visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Leonard.

Miss Carrie Mathewson, Montreal, spent last week the guest of Miss Diana Miller.

Mrs. Gibson, Oshawa, and daughter, Mrs. Dana Carter, of Picton, spent the week-end with friends in Napanee.

Mr. Ray Grooms, of Toronto, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms, Richmond.

Miss Carrie McMillan, Toronto, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. McMillan.

Miss Edith VanLuven, Toronto, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. VanLuven.

Mr. Jarvis Hamilton was entertained by Mrs. W. S. Herrington while in Napanee for the recital, Mrs. Dr. Cameron Nelson entertained the lady artists.

Messrs. J. Walsh, O. E. Ashley, Kyendinaga; Mr. I. G. Sexsmith, Richmond; and Messrs. G. F. Ruttan, E. M. Graham, and G. A. Wiseman, Napanee, were in Toronto on Wednesday on road matters.

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BIRTHS

Curran.—At Napanee, on Friday, April 25th, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Curran, a son, George Robert.

Plumley—At Napanee, Thursday, April 24th, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Plumley, a daughter.

Walker—At Napanee, Thursday, April 24th, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Earl Walker, a son.

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DEATHS

Clancy—At North Fredericksburgh, on Monday, April 28th, 1919, Hugh John Clancy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Clancy, aged 3 years, 9 months.

Graham—At Forest Mills, on Wednesday, April 30th, 1919, Mrs. Nancy Graham, aged 83 years, 2 months, 13 days.

Morrow—At South Fredericksburgh, on Friday, April 25th, 1919, Mary Jane Morrow, aged 76 years, 3 months.

Rose—At Napanee, on Sunday, April 27th, 1919, Mrs. Alfred Rose aged 78 years, 6 months.

Vanalstine—At North Fredericksburgh, on Thursday, April 24th, 1919, Mary Ann Stafford, widow of the late Garrett Vanalstine, aged 82 years, 17 days.

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Daylight Service from Napanee to Westport-Brockville branch.

Canadian National train leaves Napanee 1.35 p.m. daily except Sunday for Ottawa and points East. Will connect at Forfar with the Westport train for Delta and Athens, arriving Brockville 6.45 p.m.

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Campbell's Varnish Stain covers up the scratches and makes your old furniture like new. All shades at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Robinson's 1919 Spring Hosiery Week Starts Saturday, May 3rd

With Special Displays and Special Sales in Women's and Children's Hosiery.

See Window Displays. Three of Them.

To nearly every woman life is just one Darned Sock after another

If she is not darning for herself, she is for husband or children. She knows Socks and Stockings from top to toe, right and left; holy and completely. She even wears them out in darning. Let the Robinson Co. Hosiery Stock take your feet off your mind.

For one week, beginning Saturday, May 3rd, and continuing until May 10th. we will demonstrate in a Big Way our capability of providing you and your family with Hosiery for every kind of wearing. See the new weaves, the new colors. See the Two Special Lines.

By placing our orders advantageously we are in a position to give prices and values that we challenge any merchant anywhere to equal.

WOMENS' AND MISSES' HOSIERY

"Winsome Maid" pure thread Silk Hose, the quality of silk hosiery which all women love to wear. This line comes in a 20 inch length silk with lisle top, seam at back to insure perfect fit, double lisle heels and toes. Colors Sand, Grey, Dark Brown, White, Black at **$2.00 a pair.**

"Radium Silk" the kind that gives good wear. Radium pure Silk Hose, with seam up the back, double lisle top, lisle sole, colors White and Black, **$2.50 a pair.**

Radium Silk Hose, with double silk sole, lisle heel and toe also lisle top, colors Smoke, Mid Grey, Cordovan, Navy, Pongee, Black, White at **$1.25 a pair** A lighter weight fibre Silk comes in Black and White only, at **$1.00 a pair.**

To Introduce Hosiery Week we are giving Two Specials, the First,

Sale of Fibre Silk Hose.

REGULAR 75 CENTS PAIR, SALE PRICE 50 CENTS A PAIR

On Saturday, May 3rd, at 8.30 o'clock, we will place on Sale 5 dozen of Fibre Silk Boot Hose, with lisle top, double lisle soles, heel and toe, Black, sizes 9-10. There are only 60 pairs in this lot, be on hand early to get your supply.

LISLE HOSE. Mercury Lisle is knitted in a new way, fashioned at the sides, that gives it the narrow ankle that fits without a wrinkle. We have Mercury full fashioned hose in colors Brown, White, Taupe, and Pearl Grey at **50 cents, 75 cents, $1.00 a pair.** Mercerized lisle hose with double hem at top, spliced heel and toe, Black and White, at **50 cents, 75 cents a pair.**

Plain Lisle Hose, with double hem, double sole, high spliced heels, sizes 8 to 10, Black and White, at **35 cents a pair.**

Fine ribbed Mercerized Hose for girls, in colors Black, White, sizes 5 to 9, at **65 cents a pair.**

COTTON HOSE.—Women's and Misses' Cotton Hose, extra weight for spring wear, double sole, three ply heels, and toes, sizes 8 to 10, at **25 cents** a pair. Outsize, **39 cents** a pair. Girls' and Boys' fine ribbed cotton Hose, fast black, with plain knit feet, sizes 5 to 10, prices range **50 cents to 75 cents a pair.** Boys' heavy ribbed cotton Hose, for outside wear, sizes 6 to 10, prices range **50 to 75 cents a pair.** Girls' and Boys' ribbed Cotton Hose, Black, at **35 cents a pair,** sizes 5 to 10. Girls' fine Ribbed Cotton Hose, White only, at **35 cents** pair, sizes 4½ to 9½. Girls' and Boys' fine ribbed Cotton Hose, dark Brown, at **50 cents a pair,** sizes 5½ to 8.

FOOT NOTE—When you are here choosing your hosiery choose his too, because we carry a full stock of Men's Hosiery in all the latest summer shades and makes. To facilitate matters we have arranged this list of desirable makes. Read it through carefully, or better still bring it with you.

Black Cashmerette "Extra Quality" 10, 10½, 11—**35c pair**
Black Cashmere, 10, 10½, 11—**75 cents** a pair.
Black Cashmere, extra fine quality, 10, 10½, 11, **$1.00 pair**
Tan Cashmere, Jaeger all wool, 10, 10½, 11—**$1.00 pair.**
White Cashmere, all wool, 10, 10½, 11—**$1.00 a pair.**
Black Cotton, 10, 10½, 11—**25 cents a pair.**
Black Silk Lisle, 10, 10½, 11—**50 cents a pair.**
Grey Silk Lisle, 10, 10½, 11—**50 cents a pair.**
Natural Wool, 10½, 11—**50 cents a pair.**
Plain white Cashmere finish,—**50 cents a pair.**
White Fibre Silk, 10, 10½, 11—**75 cents a pair.**
Silks, colors Fawn, Champagne, Nigger Brown, Grey and Mouse, with stripe of Green, Navy, Cardinal, Mauve, Brown. **Special $1.00 a pair.**
Fancy Silks in assorted shades at **$1.50 a pair.**

SECOND SPECIAL

SALE OF WOMEN'S PLAIN COTTON HOSE

REGULAR 35 CENTS A PAIR **SALE PRICE 29 CENTS A PAIR**

On Sale on Saturday—25 dozen of Women's Plain Cotton Hose, seamless, with double Heel and Toe, double Hem at Top, Black, sizes 8½ to 10. Regular 35 cents a pair Sale price 29 cents a pair.

THE ROBINSON CO. STAPLE VALUES ARE SELDOM EQUALLED—NEVER SURPASSED. WE HAVE A LARGE RANGE OF RELIABLE SEASONABLE STAPLE GOODS AT PRICES BELOW THE MARKET VALUE.

For Overalls and Smocks the most desirable Materials are Cottonades, Drills, and Denims. They are woven in neat, attractive Tweed patterns or in plain shades of Blue, Black and Khaki You will find these cloths most economical, easily worth the time and trouble to make up. Careful money-wise buyers say "It is superior to the manufactured article." Prices range from **45 cents** up to **75 cents** per yard.

In Shirting Cloths our stocks were never larger than today and our prices are lower than future prices can possibly be. **It's good business to buy now.**

The old reliable Glasgow Drill is obtainable in Butcher Blue, and in stripes of Black and White. Priced **25 cents per** yard. At **35** and **40** cents per yard are good serviceable shirtings, which will make up and wear well. They come in plain shades of Navy and Black or in Stripes or Checks.

Old Hickory ! Standard and Rock Fast Drills are procurable in a host of pleasing shades and patterns. As values go to-day these materials, quality considered, are very moderately priced at **45 cents per yard—Send for Samples or SEE OURS FIRST.**

These Ruffs at $9.50 each Saturday morning—are leaders in values. Maribou and Ostrich combinations in two tones of **Taupe and White—Brown and White.** Regular value $13.95 each. The coming season will see a great demand for this fashionable and stylish neckwear, and Saturday morning is an opportune time to secure one at a price lower than usual. They combine comfort with style and form an interesting addition to the spring suit or dress. We will place on sale **6 only** in splendid qualities of Maribou and Ostrich combination, in a popular shape and style.—These go on Sale on Saturday morning at 8.30 o'clock.

SPRING TIME IS SILK TIME—AND WHEN YOU THINK OF SILK YOU ALSO THINK OF A NEW DRESS

"Satin Duchess" is rich in appearance, tasty in style, and fulfils your highest expectations in wearing satisfaction. Worthy values at **$2.50, $2.75, $3.00 a yard.** Chief among the new fabrics for the Dressy Dress may be mentioned Satin Duchess, combining as it does quality, style and service, it is in the front rank of fashion's favorites for the coming season. It is firm in weight, has a rich, glossy finish, and comes in a host of exquisite colorings. The new collection is worth viewing, and the values will more than meet your approval. Here you will find beautiful tones of Saxe, Navy, Green, Brown, Grey Purple, Sage, Taupe, also Black, width 36 inches. May we have the pleasure of showing them to you.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN BOYS' TWO PIECE SUITS

SIZES 24 TO 36—AGES 6 TO 13

We say extraordinary values and we mean Extraordinary Values—because to secure as good cloths in Boys Suits from the Manufacturers to-day, we would of necessity be compelled to charge you at least 20 per cent higher prices than these are selling for now.

With our new arrangement of stock we have every suit hung up on clothing racks and our salesmen are delighted to show you, whether you need to buy immediately or not. It is such an easy matter to display them for you now, that you shown in ten minutes what would take half an hour formerly—and the light is perfect.

The Styles shown appeal to both mother and son—whether you wish extreme styles or moderate, we have them here for you.

For the Extra Large Boy—remember if your boy is too large to be fitted with short pant suit elsewhere, if you come here you are almost sure to find his size. Many a mother tells us that she had been told she could not find a suit that would fit her boy and then comes here and finds she can.

PRICES :—The lowest priced suit the Manufacturers can now produce for even the smaller sizes is $10.00, but we still have a range to sell you at **$7.50 in all sizes.** At **$10.00, $12.50,** and **$13.50** our greatest assortment is shown, but for the extra critical we have them as high as **$16.45 and $17.50.**

CHILDREN'S FANCY SUITS

AGES 4 TO 9 YEARS

PRICES $4.00, $5.00, $6.00.

With the prices of Fabrics so high as they are, and the terribly high cost of labor, you will wonder how in the world we can give you such splendid Children's Suits for such moderate prices. It certainly will not pay you for your time, to make up suits yourself no matter how capable you are. The little chaps like to have their suits come from the **Big Store.** They most of them like the fun of trying them on too.

QUALITY SERVICE VALUE

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close 5.30 except Saturday.